

CHAINS OF GOLD



Neck Chains. Lorgnettes. Vest Chains. Bracelets.

Neat, Ornamental and Useful Presents.

We have these made up in very large quantities and consequently got them out at exceptionally low prices.

This store will be kept open until 9 p.m. for the convenience of evening customers.

Challoner & Mitchell

JEWELERS & OPTICIANS.

47 GOVERNMENT ST.

EX "CARL" Crosse & Blackwell's

Currants, Jams and Jellies, Marmalade, Malt Vinegar, Mixed Pickles, Walnut Pickles, Assorted Pickles, Oriental Pickles, Chutney, Kipperd Herrings, Oxford and Cambridge Sausages.

R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO.

The Largest Fire Insurance Company in the World.

Total Funds, \$48,614,425

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Better Than The Best HOUE'S

Straight Cut Cigarettes

Manufactured by B. HOUE & CO. QUEBEC.

Lime! Lime!

Marble Bay Lime.

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The strongest and best lime on the market. It will last twice as long as those made with inferior lime.

EVERY BARREL IS GUARANTEED. EVERY BARREL BEARS OUR TRADE MARK (Marble Bay Lime).

FIVE BARRELS OF "MARBLE BAY" BRAND will go further than six of any other lime on the market.

OUR "PLASTERERS' BRAND" IS A SPECIALLY SELECTED LIME FOR PLASTERERS' USE—THERE IS NONE SO GOOD.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. Kept in stock in Victoria by KINGHAM & CO.

Dr. S. M. Hartman DENTIST.

Inventor of an apparatus for Cleft Palate and Improved Dental Plate; none but first-class operations performed. Office: 115 Government Street.

HURRAH!

HAY!—If you want Island grown, call on us. Tons on our dock for you. SYLVESTER FEED CO., City Market.

GENTLEMEN

Select your Razor. Select your Soap. We do the rest, and show you how to use them; and knowing that, is to ensure easy shaving. A fine line of shaving materials to choose from at

FOX'S, 78 GOVT ST

POTATOES.

Received a car of Yakima Burbank. Finest Potatoes in the market. Order at once, as they are going fast. E. M. NODEK, 12 Store St. Next to E. & N. Ry.

Britain's Welcome

Canadians Received In England With the Utmost Warmth and Kindness.

London Greeted Them With Crowded Streets and Rousing Cheers.

Officers and Men Well Looked After—Queen Will Review Them.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—"The heartiest welcome awaited the Royal Canadian Regiment this afternoon," says the Star London correspondent.

Since their arrival at Southampton, where they were welcomed by Major-General Macgregor Stewart, the Canadians have been greeted everywhere with tumultuous applause. Gen. Stewart made a brief speech to the Canadians, during which he said Englishmen rejoiced at their bravery and deeds just as much as they rejoiced over the honors achieved by the home troops and their kinsmen from all the colonies, brought together by the war.

Col. Otter expressed his thanks for the sympathy uttered, and the Canadians took the train for London.

"On reaching Addison road station from Southampton," continues the Star correspondent, "there were present to meet the Canadians, Gen. Trotter, commanding the home army, and a group of staff officers; Lord Onslow, representing the colonial office; Lord and Lady Curzon, Col. Lake and Col. McKinnon, of the City Imperial Volunteers; and Chaplain Lloyd of the Queen's Own Rifles. As the train entered the station the band of the Scots Guards played the national anthem.

Crowds outside the station, who had been waiting for several hours, cheered enthusiastically.

"The cheers were renewed as Col. Otter alighted, with Col. Buchanan and Surgeon-Major Fiset, Captains Macdonald, Burstall, Lawless, Mason and Almond, and Lieutenants Swift, Caldwell, Luffery, Temple and Carpenter and 28 men, who received most cordial greetings and congratulations upon the remarkably fine condition they were in.

"The men were drawn up on the platform, and were inspected by the staff officers and Lord Strathcona.

"Along crowded streets and headed by the band of the Scots Guards and Coldstream Guards, the Canadians marched to Kensington barracks, meeting with the warmest reception en route.

"At the barracks they were formally received by the Duke of Abercorn, Lord Grey and others, on behalf of the reception committee.

"Col. Otter and the Canadians express great pleasure at their general reception, which was all the more remarkable because the Guards arrived at the same hour at a different station, which tended to divert public attention.

"The accommodation at the barracks is most comfortable. The officers are quartered in Kensington Palace hotel, which has a painful interest for Canadians, inasmuch as Sir John Thompson stayed there the night before his tragic death at Windsor Castle.

"The Canadian spent a quiet evening to-night, having declined all invitations. "To-morrow they will be reviewed by the Queen at Windsor, and on Monday by the Prince of Wales at Albany barracks. They leave for Liverpool on December 1.

Liverpool, Nov. 29.—The Lord Mayor entertained another contingent of home-bound Canadian troops to-day at the town hall. A dramatic feature of the entertainment was a speech made by Private Molloy, who had been rendered sightless by a bullet, which traversed both temples. Molloy, supported by a comrade, related how he had served in the Boer war, and how he had no regret for so doing, as the "truly brave should be ready to accept the vicissitudes of fortune with fortitude."

JAPANESE QUARANTINED. Forty of Them Under Observation in Nanaimo—Cow-Itching at Salt Spring Island.

Nanaimo, Nov. 29.—(Special)—Harry Good, the 7-year-old grandson of Chief Loon, a member of the Nanaimo Indians, residing on the reserve near No. 1 shaft, had his left leg nearly cut off by the wheels of a railway truck. He was taken to the hospital, where the leg was amputated below the knee.

Forty-two Japanese are quarantined in a house on Fraser street. It is reported that a large number of people on Salt Spring Island are suffering from some peculiar disease prevalent there. Everybody, even many doctors, are now agreed that it is not smallpox, but probably a severe form of cow-itch.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

Man Seeking His Wife Seizes an Astonished Actress.

Albany, N.Y., Nov. 29.—An attempt to kidnap Mae Stebbens, a dancer at Proctor's theatre, was made by George Mitchell, a Canadian, who, in England, late last night, whom he mistook for his wife Alice. He, in company with Rexnald Durant, a lawyer from Howe & Mummels' office, New York, went to the rear of the theatre with a cab. When Miss Stebbens stepped to the door, he seized her, exclaiming: "Alice, my wife!" and attempted to force her into a carriage. The young lady's screams attracted a gang of hoodlums, who set upon Hewitt and gave him a beating. He was arrested, but released by the magistrate on repeating his story. He said he married Miss Alice Pierce in England several months ago, but his mother objected to the marriage, and his wife left him, coming to the United States, where she secured an engagement on the Proctor circuit. He tracked her to Albany, with the above result.

CANADIAN SHIPS.

Largest Yards For Steel Vessels on the Continent to Be Established.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—A big company is on the eve of organization which will, its promoters confidently expect, restore the prestige of the Maritime Province of Canada as a shipbuilding centre—a prestige shattered by the passing away of the wooden ships.

The company is being organized for the building of steel ships, and it is asserted that it will be the largest concern of the kind on the continent. The yards will be located at St. John, N. B., and Halifax, N. S.

Already the Dominion government and the governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have been approached, and have agreed to liberally subsidize the new company in the same way as the big Dominion Iron & Steel Co., whose plant is located at Sydney, C. B., is subsidized. This latter undertaking plays an important part in the new company, as the Sydney concern will supply the steel necessary. With a steel supply almost at the doors of the shipyards and an inexhaustible supply of coal equal to the steel, it is said that steel ships will be turned out by the new company at even less than Clyde prices.

Several Nova Scotia shipbuilders are interested in the new company, but the principals are members of the Dominion Iron & Steel syndicate.

ASHANTI WAR OVER.

Colonel Wilcocks Reports the Campaign Is Ended.

London, Nov. 29.—The following despatch has been received from Col. Wilcocks, commander of the British troops at Kumassi, Ashanti, dated November 21: "The campaign is ended. The troops in excess of garrison will leave here in a few days."

The Taking Of Dewetsdorp

Boers Captured Four Hundred of English, Irish and Scotch Regiments.

Included in the Plunder Are Two Guns—Knox in Pursuit.

London, Nov. 29.—Lord Roberts cables from Johannesburg, under date of Wednesday, November 28:

"The Dewetsdorp garrison of two guns of the 68th Field Battery, with detachments of the Gloucestershire regiment, the Highland Light Infantry and Irish Rifles, four hundred in all, surrendered at 5:30 p.m., November 25.

"Our losses were 15 men killed and 42 wounded, including Major H. J. Auson and Capt. Digby.

"The enemy is said to be 2,500 strong. Four hundred men were despatched from Edenburg to the relief of Dewetsdorp, but they did not succeed in reaching there in time.

"Knox joined this force, and found Dewetsdorp evacuated. Seventy-five sick and wounded had been left there.

"Knox pursued and is reported to have successfully engaged Steyn and Dewet near Van Bank on November 27. They retired west and southwest. Knox's messenger failed to get through, so I have no details."

Standerton, Transvaal Colony, Nov. 29.—Seventy Boer women and children, whose husbands and fathers are still fighting, have been deported to Pietermaritzburg, Natal.

The following is a list of the dead: J. A. Mulder, W. H. Bekker, E. Flaheim, T. J. Rippon, Wm. Valencia, M. Vandina; and three unidentified. So far as known, this list comprises all the dead, as the first reports were exaggerated. It is reported that a Joseph Gumpel fell into the furnace and his body was incinerated.

The manager of the glass works realized the danger before the accident occurred, and had sent for the police to compel the crowd to leave. Just as a squad of police arrived the roof went down.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Dominion Not Taking Part in Manitoba Prohibition Case.

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—(Special)—The Minister of Justice explained to-day that the test case regarding the constitutionality of the Manitoba prohibition law has not yet reached such a stage as to call for federal participation in the legal proceedings.

Capt. C. W. Winter, who served with the Royal Canadians in South Africa, and one of the smartest officers in the militia, has been transferred from the inland revenue to the militia department.

The department of agriculture has been notified that the United States government has changed its quarantine regulations as to Canada. In future, no breeding or dairy stock will be admitted into the United States except on certificate of a United States officer located in Canada.

Another good Liberal has got his reward. Major Pettett, ex-M.P. for Prince Edward county, has been appointed postmaster of Picton. Mr. Pettett was elected in 1896 as Patron, but invariably supported the Laurier government. He met his political Waterloo on November 7.

The condition of Dean Lauder, chaplain of the Senate, is worse.

ORDER ENGINES.

Dominion Government Having Twenty-Built at Kingston.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 29.—An order has been given to the locomotive works here for twenty engines for the Intercolonial. The value of the contract is over \$300,000. The engines are to be freight moguls.

My friend, look here! You know how we have been suffering from the cold, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve you, now why not be fair about it and buy a box.

The Roof Collapses

Overloaded Top of San Francisco Glass Works Gives Way.

Two Hundred People Are Precipitated on Top of the Furnace.

Nine Killed and Many Wounded—The List of the Dead.

San Francisco, Nov. 29.—By the collapse of the roof of the San Francisco & Pacific Glass Works, at 15th and Bryant streets, this afternoon, a number of people were killed and 50 more or less injured. The victims were watching a football game between Stanford and the University of California teams, when the roof beneath them gave way, precipitating them to the floor of the factory. Some of them fell upon the furnaces and one unknown man was burned to a crisp. The crash of the falling roof was heard a great distance away and thousands of people hurried to the scene. Messages were sent to the city receiving hospital and the morgue, and all available ambulances were hurried to the spot.

At the central hospital at 1 o'clock, five of the injured had been received. At the time of the accident there was but one doctor on duty at the hospital, and he was totally unable to attend to the cases as they came in. A summons was sent out immediately, calling on doctors in the neighborhood to come and render assistance.

The crowd gathered upon the roof of the building directly over the furnace of the glass works. When the roof collapsed the occupants were precipitated upon the heated top and rolled off.

Seven people were killed, several of whom were boys, ranging in age from 10 to 15 years; they were found lying in a row, many of them badly mangled.

There were more than two hundred people on the roof when it collapsed. Those fortunate enough to be on a side section of the building, hurried down and helped to remove the injured. The heat around the furnace was so great, however, that no assistance could be rendered, and many of the victims died.

Not two hundred yards away were 20,000 people watching the football game, and when the news became known, intense excitement prevailed. The ushers went through the crowd, calling for doctors, and many surgeons hurriedly left the game.

The living victims were taken to the hospitals. The Southern Pacific hotel, within two blocks of the scene, was soon overcrowded; many of the wounded had to be turned away. They were hurried to St. Luke's, the receiving hospital and nearby druggists' stores. The coroner did not have enough wagons to remove the dead, and they were taken away in express wagons.

Many private carriages were waiting outside the football grounds, and these were pressed into service to take away the wounded.

A high fence surrounds the glass works and thousands of people attempted to get inside the enclosure. They were restrained with difficulty by a large force of police.

The following is a list of the dead: J. A. Mulder, W. H. Bekker, E. Flaheim, T. J. Rippon, Wm. Valencia, M. Vandina; and three unidentified. So far as known, this list comprises all the dead, as the first reports were exaggerated. It is reported that a Joseph Gumpel fell into the furnace and his body was incinerated.

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Louis Roederer Champagne

HUDSON'S BAY CO. AGENTS.

It's a Pleasure



To make a cake or pudding with our NEW XMAS FRUITS. We have the finest CLEANED CURRANTS and SEEDED RAISINS in the market, being re-cleaned and seeded with the latest improved machinery. RE-CLEANED CURRANTS... 15c. lb. OFF STALK VALENCIA RAISINS... 15c. lb. MUSCATEL RAISINS... 10c. lb. SEEDED RAISINS... 12c. lb. ENGLISH MIXED PEEL... 15c. lb. NEW SMYRNA AND CALIFORNIA FIGS.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Macintoshes and Umbrellas.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. - VICTORIA, B.C.

JOHNSON'S FLOOR WAX

For Polishing Floors. Price 40c per one pound tin.

Mellor's 25 pound Polishing Brush \$3.00 each.

J. W. MELLOR, 76 and 78 FORT ST.

BRUSHES, WALL PAPERS, GLASS AND PAINTS OF ALL KINDS.

THOMAS EARLE

IMPORTER AND

Wholesale Grocer

Has removed to his new premises, Yates Street,

Houses and Lots For Sale.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Call and examine our list before purchasing.

A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.

86 Government St. Next Bank of Montreal.

Mining Shares.

1,000 CARIBOO MCKINNEY 69
2,000 CARIBOO HYDRAULIC Wanted
500 CARIBOO'S BEST PASS COAL
CO. Wanted
6,000 DARDANELLES 24
10,000 FAIRVIEW CORP. Wanted
3,000 FORTENY 24
3,500 NOBLE FIVE 4
1,000 NORTH STAR 1.00
1,000 PAYNE 82
2,000 RAMBLER 27
10,000 VAN ANDA Wanted
5,000 WATERLOO 34
5,000 WHITE BEAR 34
3,000 WINNIPEG 4

A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.

86 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

Mining Shares

Wanted

CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS SYNDICATE.

VAN ANDA.

J. F. FOULKES & CO.

Telephone 697. 35 Fort Street.

Victoria Transfer Co.

LIMITED.

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1883.

Livery & Hack Stables

19, 21, 23 Broughton St., foot of Broad

HACKS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, TRUCKS

AND BUSES SUPPLIED AT ANY

HOUR OF THE DAY OR

NIGHT.

WIREPHONE CALL 129

ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST

Andrew Usher & Co.'s

Celebrated Scotch Whiskies.

Olympia Beer

The Best Imported Lager.

Victoria Agent:

W. A. WARD,

BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT.

We have placed in stock the finest goods, direct from the manufacturers, comprising the leading Perfumes, Hair Brushes, Military Brushes, Shaving Mirrors, in Leather and Nickel at reasonable prices. Call and let us show them to you.

GEO. MORISON & CO., the Leading Druggists, 55 Gov't Street
PHONE 85. VICTORIA, B. C.

Too Smart
For the BoersCanadians Cleverly Frustrated
an Attempt to Ambush
Them.A Number of Sharp Engagements
Are Reported From
South Africa.

Pretoria, Nov. 29.—Gen. Smith-Dorrien's column has returned to Belfast, after a five days' march from Bull-stroom. They had only one casualty.

On the return journey the Canadians, while scouting, rode close to an ambush prepared by the Boers. Realizing their position they sprang from their horses, turned them loose, and sent them galloping back to the column. They then sought cover on a slight ridge, and poured a hot and accurate fire into the Boers, killing several of them. They held their position until the column of infantry arrived, and did not sustain a single casualty.

A force of Boers attacked Balmoral yesterday. Col. Backhouse, with four companies of the Buffs and one howitzer, defended the place. The plan was to take four commandos and make a simultaneous attack on all sides. Fortunately for the British, only three commandos arrived in time to take part in the attack. The howitzer did splendid work. The British lost six men killed and nine wounded. Thirty of the Buffs were captured, but they were subsequently released.

The Boers lost heavily. They sent out two burial parties after the fighting. The British took a number of prisoners and brought in many wounded, several of whom subsequently died.

Simultaneously with this attack a commando of 600 Boers, with one gun, attacked Wilger River, which was held by two companies of the Royal Fusiliers. The fighting lasted for eight hours. Ultimately the Boers retired, with considerable loss. The British loss was one wounded.

The garrison at Bronkpoort sprang sent two guns to relieve the Fusiliers. As the men retired a kopje was placed on the Boers on a hill, killing or wounding 13 of them.

The commandos which made these attacks were under Gen. Viljoen, Trichard and Pretorius. The enemy fought at close quarters with utmost determination.

All the garrisons have been strongly reinforced. The places attacked are all within a short distance of each other, on the railway to the east of Pretoria. The railway has been torn up in several places, but is now being repaired.

Colonels Hickman and Plumer have arrived here. During Gen. French's operations at the Riverburg, their columns captured three wagons loaded with provisions that were identified as being part of the supplies that were distributed by the British for the relief of the Boer inhabitants of Johannesburg.

The authorities, in recognition of the services of Lumsden's Horse, are paying passages to them on their return to India. This contingent equipped themselves at their own expense, and paid their own passage from India to South Africa.

Capetown, Nov. 29.—Gen. Knox, by a rapid march of 26 miles, succeeded in getting in front of Gen. Dewet, placing himself between the Boers and the Orange River. Dewet is now believed to be going eastward to join Hertzog at Bloemfontein.

Col. Pilcher had a smart skirmish on Tuesday with part of Gen. Dewet's command, which was conveying food captured at Dewetsdorp. The Boers retreated, abandoning a portion of the loot and a large number of horses. Former President Steyn and Gen. Dewet were in close proximity to the scene of the fighting, but they eluded the British.

London, Nov. 29.—In connection with the movements of Gen. Knox, reported in his despatch from Capetown, Lord Roberts, in a message from Johannesburg, dated Wednesday, November 28, says that Gen. Knox occupied Dewetsdorp on November 26. The Boers, he adds, had attacked the place on November 21, and the town had surrendered on November 24. Gen. Knox, at last accounts, was pursuing the federal command.

Lord Roberts also reports that various columns found the Boers holding strong positions in the vicinity of Harrismith, Philippolis, both in the Orange River Colony, and other widely separated points. The fighting, however, was of little importance.

The Boers were so tenacious that Col. Pilcher's men actually reached a position within thirty yards of them, where revolver shots were exchanged. The Boers shelled the British with 15 pounders captured at Dewetsdorp.

Ex-President Steyn and Gen. Dewet, who was breakfasting at a farm near by, rode off to the westward, leaving the British front clear. The British casualties were one man killed and six wounded.

Several Boers, who had been wounded, were found by the British.

Steyn and Dewet have since been reported to have been camped to the westward, between Helvetia and the railroad, but the commando appears to

have broken up into three bodies. District Commissioner Boyle, of Dewetsdorp, remains in the custody of the burghers.

Many farmers in the district have joined Gen. Dewet. London, Nov. 29.—So far as is known here, former President Steyn is not wounded, although reports to the contrary have been circulated.

Coleburg, Cape Colony, Nov. 29.—Boer raiders have reached the Orange river. They have fired into the British camp, on the Cape Colony side, at Sandrift, killing one man and wounding two men.

THE CZAR.

Examination Shows He Suffered From Crimean Typhus.

London, Nov. 29.—The Daily News publishes the following despatch from Yalta:

"A bacterial examination showed that Emperor Nicholas was suffering from Crimean typhus. The crisis was reached on Sunday, but throughout the day he never lost consciousness or became delirious. The Empress herself has done all the nursing."

TORONTO GAS.

The City May Establish Its Own Plant.

Toronto, Nov. 29.—The board of control today passed Ald. Spence's motion, recommending the council to approve of the city establishing a municipal gas plant, or buying out the Consumers' Gas Co. There was not the slightest opposition to the motion. The consent of the city council must first be obtained by vote.

CIVIL WAR

IN NEW HEBRIDES

Christians and Heathens of
Eromonga Battle With
Each Other.

News was brought by the Warrimoo of a strange inter-tribal fight progressing on Eromonga, an island of the New Hebrides group, where the Christian natives are

leagued against the heathens. Rev. H. C. Robertson, of the Canadian Mission Society, who arrived at Sydney before the liner sailed, says that when he visited Eromonga, just before leaving the islands, he found the island in a state of siege. Barbed wire and stockades of huge pieces of timber and logs were erected for safety by the Christians against the onslaught of the heathens. The heathens burnt down several houses in a village and destroyed several plantations.

Following the bush, armed with spears, clubs, battleaxes, and guns, the heathen party attacked three boys and hacked them to pieces. The massacre of these defenceless children enraged the Christians. A large number of the Christian party gathered together, and traversed the whole of the west and south sides of the island, but were unsuccessful in their search for the instigators of the depredations and murders.

They destroyed the buildings and plantations of the Chief Lovo, who was one of the Christians' greatest enemies, and who, with 50 others, men and women, had returned to heathenism. Then, during a fight, one of the heathen party was shot dead by the chief Nallai, and in another part of the island the heathens shot a Christian.

In the short, while the heathens killed one man and three women, while the Christian party killed one man and wounded two.

It is the opinion of the missionary that it will be fully three years before peace will be fully restored on the island.

HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY.

Great Crowds Welcome Them Back to London.

London, Nov. 29.—The composite regiment of Household Cavalry arrived on the Hawarden Castle. The troops' arrival in London was marked by the scenes of enthusiasm which have so often been rehearsed in the metropolis during the past year. Great crowds awaited the cavalymen, and the cheering was lusty and long throughout their march to their quarters in Paddington.

where they detrained, was ablaze with color, as were the streets along the route. Several regimental bands added to the general gaiety, and throngs sang "God Save the Queen" in chorus.

A portion of the Household Cavalry detachment proceeded to Windsor, where they were received at the railroad station by the mayor and corporation. Cheering thousands lined the baggage road to the Castle, where the home-coming warriors marched past the Queen and members of the royal family.

Her Majesty, addressing the cavalry, said: "It is with great pleasure and deep thankfulness that I welcome you home after your gallant and arduous service in war in Africa, just a year after I bade you farewell. The hopes I then expressed have been amply fulfilled. Alas, the joy of your safe return is clouded over by bitter memories of the sad loss of many valuable lives, which is in common with you all have to deplore."

Private and Public Dances supplied with the very latest in the way of Ball Programmes, &c. A full line of the most fashionable ideas at the Colonist. An inspection invited.

AT ALL BARS
AND RESTAURANTS

MARTELL'S

THREE STAR

BRANDY

L WINE AND
MERCHANDIS

WILL CHOP
OFF HIS HEADProvincial Treasurer of Chihli
To Be Beheaded at Tien
Tsin.

London, Nov. 30.—Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking yesterday, says:

"M. De Giers, the Russian minister, who had assented to all the terms of the conjoint note, including the death penalty clause, has now intimated to the Chinese envoys that Russia will insist either upon the revision of the death penalty clause, substituting a provision that the guilty shall be punished by the powers, or that the terms of the note shall not be irrevocable, but may be modified by negotiations with the Chinese envoys."

Russia has thus again proclaimed how farcical is the so-called concert.

A French detachment is on the frontier of Shan Si, west of Ching Tang, prepared to start for Tai Yuen Fu, an operation calculated to encourage the court to return to Peking.

Tien Tsin, Nov. 29.—Tung Wen Huan, provincial treasurer of Chihli, who was sentenced to death by the international military tribunal at Pao Ting Fu, is being brought here to be publicly beheaded by the city government.

This is at the request of the Pao Ting Fu military authorities. Shanghai, Nov. 29.—A missionary in the province of Han Su reports that 10,000 troops of Gen. Tung Fu Hsiang entered the province and joined Prince Tuan's rebellion against the Emperor. This is at the request of the Pao Ting Fu military authorities.

The Governor of Shan Si has wired a request to the Wu Chang viceroys to send him, without delay, eight quick-firing guns, and the viceroys have ordered the guns to be sent.

It is reported that Han Tung, guardian of the heir apparent, is still alive and in hiding.

Vice-Admiral Seymour's visit to the Yang Tse viceroys is said to have been in every way satisfactory.

WESTERN LOAN CO.

Action Is to Be Taken Against the Directors—Biscuit Tins.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—(Special)—Action is shortly to be taken against the directors of the Western Loan Company by the liquidators of the National Trust Company.

The National Trust Company has been granted a decree by the Superior Court of Quebec, ordering the directors of the Western Loan Company to ascertain the exact amount of the assets of the Western Loan, but after months of investigation, it cannot be stated with any degree of accuracy. The fact that the Western Loan invested in a astonishing degree in mining stocks renders the directors' accounts very frequent. The value of these holdings at \$1 per share, par value, will aggregate close upon \$400,000. A motion has already been made in court to enable the National Trust to accept options upon these, but when sold they will not realize anything like the price paid for them.

The United States biscuit manufacturers are trying to include Canadian manufacturers, but have met with a peculiar difficulty in connection with the claim of the Viann family, a branch of the Viann Bros., one of the largest in the Dominion. At the time of the death of the late Mr. Viann, six months ago, the business passed to his sons, who have since conducted it. One clause in his will provides, however, that the name shall not be changed as long as the Viann family retains an interest in the company. After several conferences between the promoters of the trust and the Viann company, the former, as a compromise, made a proposition that for a year after the trust is formed, the Montreal firm would be allowed to retain its distinctive name, instead of being known only as a branch of the new institution. The proposition is now under consideration.

U. S. S. YOSEMITE.

Particulars of the Loss of the Cruiser—Five of Crew Drowned.

Manila, Nov. 29.—Rear Admiral Remey has as yet received no official report of the loss of the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, which parted her cables and struck a reef off the harbor of San Luis Dapra, island of Guam, during the typhoon of November 13. According to advices received here from unofficial sources, the wind was blowing at the rate of 100 miles an hour. The Yosemite went down, but both dragged across the harbor entrance. At 11 a.m. she struck the reef and stove in forward. She drifted for an hour, and at noon struck the rocks, carrying away her rudder and damaging her propeller. A launch had been sent to the wreck, but it was captured and the occupants were drowned. They were: Coxswain Swanson, Seaman Geo. Aubel, Engineer Maloney, Fireman Davis and Jos. Anderson. Finally 138 of the Yosemite's crew, 26 marines and 9 officers, were transferred to the United States steamer "Justin," together with \$28,000 Mexican money.

The Yosemite soon plunged head-foremost and sank. The members of the crew were provided with temporary quarters in Agaña, which suffered badly from the hurricane. The typhoon was of unprecedented violence. Many are reported to have been killed or injured. At Agaña three were killed and one died of exposure.

FRENCH SYMPATHY.

Chamber of Deputies Give Mild Expression of Feeling For Kruger.

Paris, Nov. 29.—In the chamber of deputies today, M. Cochery, acting president of that body, announced that M. Deny Cochin, Conservative, had presented an Interpellation and the intentions of the government regarding arbitration in favor of the Boers.

The minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, replied that there was no use opening a debate on this subject, as in foreign policy especially, such discussions are useless and often dangerous.

At M. Cochery's request, M. Deny Cochin withdrew his interpellation, and proposed the following motion: "The chamber of deputies, on the occasion of the arrival of the president of the Transvaal in France, is happy to address to him a sincere expression of its respect and sympathy." M. Cochery then announced that he had received another motion from M. Mounier, representing the Aisne divisions, couched in the following terms: "The chamber of deputies, while expressing sympathy of the English democracy—(here the reading of the motion was interrupted by loud protests, but M. Cochery concluded)—sends

IMPERIAL HOTEL

THEATRE BLOCK,
DOUGLAS STREET.

Most centrally located; sunny rooms, with all modern conveniences. Fire-places in each room.

MISS M. KING.

its greeting to President Kruger."

Continuing, M. Cochery begged the chamber to refrain from demonstrations, which, he said, could be badly interpreted by the English government, and without any discussion. The motion of M. Deny Cochin was then adopted unanimously, and the 550 voters cheered when the result was announced.

M. Fournier, after declaring that the democracies of all countries were animated by the same public sentiments, withdrew his own motion.

WANT TO VOTE.

Application by Japanese to Be Placed on the Lists.

Vancouver, Nov. 29.—(Special)—It will be known on Monday next whether, according to the ruling of Mr. Justice McColl, a Japanese British subject may vote in Dominion elections. It will be known whether the Dominion government, after the ruling of the provincial collector, T. Cunningham, a Japanese British subject named Tommy Homma, applied to have his name placed on the provincial list, which is also used for Dominion purposes.

Mr. Cunningham refused the application, and yesterday Tommy Homma appealed from the decision of the collector of votes. Mr. Harris, of Harris & Ball, represented Tommy Homma, and Chas. Wilson, Q.C., represented Collector Cunningham.

Mr. Harris cited a large number of authorities bearing upon the matter, and contended that the Dominion government, by its last election act, eliminated all restriction as to race or class found in the former act. He contended that there was now nothing to prevent any naturalized British subject exercising his election rights, whether he be of Japanese extraction or not. Mr. Wilson also argued that the authorities as far back as confederation.

Mr. Wilson argued that the power of the provincial acts was supreme in this province, provided it did not conflict with the constitutional acts of the Dominion. The utmost the Dominion could do was to give a naturalized subject the same privileges as any other British subject, but there their power ceased, and the provincial government had a right to disqualify any class of voters they saw fit. The provincial act disqualified the Chinese and Japanese race from voting, and if the legislature desired it, could it disqualify the Dominion subject.

Justice McColl took careful note of the numerous authorities quoted, and promised his decision on Monday.

GENERAL ROBERTS

Has Gone to Durban and Will Soon Reach Capetown.

Capetown, Nov. 29.—Lord Roberts has left Johannesburg for Durban, and is expected to arrive here about December 7, and to remain in Capetown for a few days.

DIED.

McCANNAN—At St. Joseph's Hospital, on the 29th inst., aged 67 years, the late Thomas McCannan, a native of St. John's, Newfoundland; aged 67 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 39 Simeco street, on Saturday afternoon, at 2:30 p.m., and at 3 o'clock at St. James' church, James Bay.

Friends please accept this intimation.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof by The Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters for

1. Declaring that all the assets, interests, rights, credits, effects and property, real, personal and mixed, belonging to the Society of Foresters, incorporated under the provisions of Chapter 107 of R.S.O., 1877 (the Provincial Corporation), were from and after the 2nd day of May, 1889, vested in The Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters, incorporated by an Act of the Parliament of Canada, Chapter 104 of the Statutes of 1889 (the Dominion Corporation).

2. Declaring that members in the said Provincial Corporation, on the said 2nd day of May, 1889, became, on the said date, members in the said Dominion Corporation, and subject to the Constitution and Laws of the said Dominion Corporation from time to time in force.

3. For the following and other amendments to its Act of Incorporation and Amending Act—

(a) Amending Chapter 104 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 4, by inserting the words "in the fifth line of the said sub-section 51 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 1, in order to harmonize the said Section with Chapter 120 of the Statutes of 1886, by substituting the words 'in the third line of the said Section, and substituting in lieu thereof the words 'in the whole at any one time the annual value of twenty thousand dollars.'"

(b) Amending the said Chapter 104 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 6, by inserting after the words "or any of the Provinces thereof," in the second line of the said Section the words "or in the securities specified in Section 50 of the Insurance Act."

(c) Amending the said Chapter 51 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 4, subsection 3, by inserting the words "or in the absence of the Supreme Chief Ruler, the Past Supreme Chief Ruler," after the words "Supreme Chief Ruler," in the second line of the said sub-section.

(d) Amending the said Chapter 51 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 4, subsection 7, by inserting the words "The 'Fraternal Benefit Society' for the words 'this Society' in the fifth line of the said sub-section."

(e) Amending the said Chapter 51 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 4, subsection 8, by substituting the words "Fraternal Benefit Society System" for the words "Assessment System," in the first line of the said sub-section.

(f) Amending the said Chapter 51 of the Statutes of 1889, Section 10, by substituting the word "Taxes" for the words "contributions," in the second and tenth lines of the said section.

(g) Declaring the short title of "The Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters" to be "The Independent Order of Foresters."

Dated at Toronto, this 20th day of November, 1900.

JOHN A. MCGILLIVRAY, Q.C.,
Solicitor for the Applicant.

NOTICE.

A meeting of all interested in the Good Roads Movement will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms on December 7, at 8 p.m.

EQUIMALT DISTRICT.

Craigflower Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after Monday, the 3rd December next, the Craigflower Bridge will be closed for repairs.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department.
Victoria, B. C., 29th November, 1900.

You Have Voted the Railway
By-Law and Assured Your-
self of Future Prosperity

WHAT SAY YOU TO

Graduated
Taxation.

ARE YOU INTERESTED? HEAR REV.

DR. WILSON TO-NIGHT AT THE

A.O.U.W. HALL

And let us have your views of the matter.

A debate follows the lecture.

ADMISSION FREE.

ANNUAL BANQUET.

OF THE

St. Andrew's and Caledonian
Society.

Will be held at Hotel Driand, on Friday evening, 30th November (St. Andrew's Day) at 8 o'clock, p.m. Tickets, \$3.00 each, may be had from any member of the committee.

THOS. RUSSELL,
Nov. 24, 1900. (Times Copy.) Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of Victoria-Columbia Lodge, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R., are requested to meet at the Masonic Temple, Douglas Street, on Sunday, December 2, at 2 p.m. sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Robert English.

Members of Vancouver-Quadrangle Lodge, No. 2, and United Service Lodge, No. 24, and sojourning brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.,
R. S. ODDY, Secretary.

"Land Registry Act."

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate of a Certificate of Title to the South Half of Section One (1) Range Seven (7) Shewanville District, and Lot Seventy (70) Malahat District.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof to issue a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lands issued to Reuben Cousins on the 18th May, 1893, and numbered 16,394.

By order of the Registrar-General,
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, B. C., 27th November, 1900.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS ONLY
Cent Per Word Per Insertion, Cash
No Advertisement Inserted for Less Than Twenty-Five Cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply Matron, Jubilee Hospital.

WANTED—A viola; give price.

WANTED—Several girls. Apply Pacific Sauce & Vinegar Works, Grimm Block, Johnson street.

WANTED—A position in a store or office, by a young man; will go for small salary; references. Address H. Colnast office 330.

WANTED—Good smart boy. Apply 31 Fort street.

EXPERIENCED MAN wants temporary or permanent situation at accounting or general office work; or would keep several sets of books, day or evening. Address, Accountant, Colnast office.

WANTED—Farm to rent, with view to purchase. B. Colnast office.

WANTED—To rent; small house or bungalow, unfurnished; good locality. Particulars to P.R., Colnast office.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, with assistant, visits work by the day, or at home; perfect fit guaranteed; Taylor system. Dressmaking, \$2.00. S.A.C. this office 23.

WANTED—A position as clerk in commercial office, by youth of 19; typewriting; excellent local references. R.S.Y.P. this office.

YOUNG MAN of experience wishes position in hotel or steamer, as steward or clerk, or in any capacity. Address Huesler, this office.

WANTED—Magazines and sheet music to bind; cheapest rates compatible with first-class work at the Colnast Book Bindery.

A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as housekeeper; country preferred. Address M. D., this office.

WANTED—By a middle-aged woman, a situation as gentleman's housekeeper. Address S. M., this office.

WANTED—A good cook (white). Apply to Mrs. H. D. Heilmann.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell our Boer-British War and Family Record Pictures. Our agents make from \$100 to \$200 a month canvassing these beautiful pieces of art. See our large ads. (every day) in another part of his paper. Home Novelty Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill.

50 FORT STREET—The People's Boot & Shoe Shop and Repair Depot is the best place to buy men's boys' youths' and misses boots and shoes, where the sale price is marked in plain figures on each pair in window and open for your inspection in seven large glass cases inside. Shop open till 9:30 every evening for the accommodation of workmen to buy and bring repairing. Doubt be misled by silver tongued advertisers. Nangle, the Antomated and Prize Boot and Shoemaker, is in a position to undersell all other shoe shops in Victoria. You don't have to pay high expense, shop or credit prices. Remember the number, 50 Fort street.

LOST—Between Craigflower road and city post office, a gold chain bracelet. Reward if returned to Colnast office.

LOST TWO FRIENDS—I and M. Write D. K. general delivery, post office, and where stopping or can be seen.

LOST—A chain purse, containing about \$10 and a silver knife, with initials S. T. P. Reward at Pemberton & Son.

Properties For Sale by the B.C. Land
& Investment Agency, Limited,
40 Government Street, Victoria,
B.C.

In nearly all cases easy terms can be obtained. We have many properties for sale not included in this list. Inquire at 40 Government street.

SOMENOS LAKE—2 1/2 miles from Duncan's, 250 acres, modern 11 roomed house, cleared, balance wooded land; lots of good water; dyed roomed house, barns, etc. can also arrange to buy live stock, steam launch, boats, etc.; plenty of fruit trees of all descriptions; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street.

JAMES ISLAND—On Saanich, 1 mile; 200 acres; 35 under cultivation; 100 acres cleared, balance wooded land; lots of good water; dyed roomed house, barns, etc. can also arrange to buy live stock, steam launch, boats, etc.; plenty of fruit trees of all descriptions; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street.

VICTORIA ARM—5 acres, all under cultivation and good building site. Apply 40

From Orient And South Seas

Idzum! Maru In From China and Warrimoo From Anti- podes.

Tees Reaches Vancouver With Salmon and Is Due Here To-morrow.

Steamer Idzum! Maru, of the N. Y. K. line, arrived at the outer wharf yesterday afternoon, and will remain there until noon to-day, discharging her Victoria. She had three saloon passengers—A. C. Anzler, managing editor of the London and China Express, and wife, and H. Morse, an American trader. The steamship had a total of 100 Japanese passengers, 21 of whom were for Victoria. The Idzum! left Yokohama on November 13, and had a comparatively good passage.

Mr. Anzler is returning from an extended tour of the Orient. He left Peking the week before the siege began, and has since travelled 1,000 miles up the Yangtze and visited many points in Japan and Korea. He said that from what he had seen in Korea he could state that it was not improbable that war would result between Japan and Russia. The Japanese are playing a great game in Korea. They are peacefully invading the Hermit Kingdom. When he last visited Korea, ten years ago, there were not 5,000 Japanese there; now there are 25,000. The Japanese are getting their nationals all over Korea, and they are securing the railways and otherwise grafting a firm hold on the country. Should Russia interfere the Japanese will fight, but Mr. Anzler does not believe that the Japanese will take the initiative in making war against the Czar.

Korea itself is in a most chaotic state, and preparing for a fall after the manner of that of China, because of the population and malfeasance in office of her officials. The people, though, in no wise hate foreigners, but the government is rotten to the core. It is worse, says Mr. Anzler, since he was last there ten years ago.

Japan, says Mr. Anzler, has gained wonderful prestige in the Far East by her good display in the Chinese campaign. The Russians, he said, have now a wholesome dread of Japanese arms.

WARRIMOO ARRIVES.
Brings Several Noted Travellers From the Antipodes—Many Carcasses of Frozen Mutton.

Steamer Warrimoo, which arrived yesterday morning from the Antipodes, brought about thirty saloon passengers, including among whom were Lord Albert Osborne and Douglas Hall, who have been touring the Southern Pacific, as narrated in another column; Lord Dunmore, who is returning home after visiting nickel and copper mines in which he is interested in New Caledonia, and Capt. P. Mosher and wife, of Honolulu. The full list is given in another column. Included in her cargo the steamer had 2,007 carcasses of frozen mutton, 20 cases of sheep's tongues, 85 of pressed meats, 10 of rabbits, 25 of mineral waters, 53 bags of coffee, 46 packages of red beans, 250 sacks of hides, 82 of ore, and a freight of packages of miscellaneous freight.

The Warrimoo sighted the British ship British Isles on Wednesday at noon, bound from Tacoma, with wheat for the United Kingdom. The Aorangi was sighted on the 23rd, bound south.

THE TEES COMING.
Reached Vancouver Last Night With a Large Salmon Cargo.

A special despatch to the Colonist from Vancouver by the steamer Tees, arrived there from the North last night, with 7,000 cases of salmon, and was unloading 1,000 cases there. She will unload 2,700 cases on the Fraser river to-day and then proceed to Victoria with the balance.

THE SEHOME COMING.
Will Commence Service on Sound Route to Replace Victorian on Monday Next.

The steamer Sehome is to commence service on this route, replacing the steamer Victorian, which is to run to Skagway, on Monday, December 3. The Sehome will leave Seattle daily at 8 a.m., excepting Sunday, and returning to the Sound, will leave Victoria daily at 8 p.m., excepting Saturday. The Sehome has been on the Seattle-Whitcomb route.

MORE SALT SALMON.
Yosemite Brings a Large Consignment from Stevenson.

Steamer Yosemite yesterday brought another large consignment of salt salmon from the Fraser for shipment to Japan. According to arrivals by the Yosemite the question of limiting the number of licenses issued next season is already a warm subject.

IN EVREY MINING CAMP

Dr. Chase's Ointment Finds a Hearty Welcome as a Cure for Chafing, Sore Feet, Itching Skin and Piles.

In the mining camps of British Columbia there is not a single preparation to be found that is so highly prized by the miners as Dr. Chase's Ointment, and no wonder, for it is specific for the very ailments from which the miner most frequently suffers.

From being continually on his feet and wearing heavy boots, nearly every miner suffers from chafed, sore and burning feet, a trouble which is promptly cured by the use of Mr. Chase's Ointment. The dampness to which the miner is exposed is conducive to itching piles, and to this torturing disease Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only actual and guaranteed cure obtainable.

To prove to every miner the wonderful soothing and healing merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment, we shall send a sample box, free of charge, to any miner sending his name and address and a two-cent stamp to mention this paper. Dr. Chase's Ointment, 80 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

ject of debate at Stevenson, and other fishing centres on the Fraser. Much interest is displayed in the railway by-law at Stevenson. The sentiment there is in favor of it. The Yosemite passed the bark Gerald C. Tobey, bound for Ladysmith, in tow of the tug Taohosh.

Among the passengers of the steamer was T. Coleman, from Pioneer's Pass, who has interests here, and came down to cast his vote to-day. He reports that further indications of coal have been seen near the surface in many places of his property on Mayne Island.

MARINE NOTES.
Steamer City of Puebla arrived off the outer wharf last night from San Francisco, and will come in to the wharf this morning. The steamer Senator will sail for the South to-night.

American ship Marion Chilcott arrived at Sydney, N. S. W., on Saturday last, from Chemainus.

Steamer City is fully due from the West Coast. She is bringing a cargo of salmon from the Clagquot cannery for the bark Naiad.

NANAIMO WATERWORKS.
Sum Involved in Present Purchase a Hundred and Twenty Thousand Dollars.

Nanaimo, B.C., Nov. 29.—(Special.)—As little time as possible has been lost by the city council in bringing in another by-law to purchase the waterworks. At the regular meeting of the council on Monday night Ald. Cocking introduced a resolution signed by 46 property owners, representing \$100,000 worth of assessable property, praying for the purchase of a by-law to take over from the waterworks company the existing works and operate them under municipal control. A by-law with this object in view was accordingly introduced and read a first time. The proposition was to have the city determined to leave nothing undone to secure control of this and other public utilities. The waterworks will only be a starter, as they have other acquisitions in view. The sum involved in the present purchase is \$125,000. The history of the establishment of the waterworks by the company many years ago is interesting. The promoters, who were laughed at as visionaries who were rather to be pitied, and the usual number of prophets predicted disaster for the enterprise. Such has been by no means the case with this company, as the waterworks investment has been a richly remunerative one to them.

The city council have at length decided to accept the offer of Samuel M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company, to give twenty acres of land and \$2,500 in cash for the erection of an isolation hospital, provided the city raise a like amount. This sum, it was stipulated, was to be a grant from the corporation and not to be raised by subscription amongst the citizens. The council decided at their last regular meeting to close with this magnificent offer, and on Tuesday forenoon the first stroke of work toward erecting the new hospital was done; thus showing that the city intends to lose no time in making up for the neglect and dilatory tactics of the past. Having made this good start the corporation has also arranged to provide for the accommodation of persons coming out of quarantine. Suitable quarters are now being prepared for such cases, so that their houses may be thoroughly disinfected. The erection of this building, a four-roomed cottage near the present isolation hospital commenced to-day. The chief of police is providing all quarantined families in necessitous circumstances with food and other necessities.

A showing of the value of the offer made by Mr. Robins to the city may be mentioned that some land recently sold in the neighborhood of the proposed isolation hospital brought \$150 an acre; this means that Mr. Robins's offer of the twenty acres amounts to something like \$3,000.

The anniversary banquet of the No. 3 Post, Native Sons, on Tuesday night at the Wilson Hotel, was a great success. There was a fine gathering of the Sons and also the older men, and after a capital spread a total list of generous contributions was entered up. During the evening many most interesting reminiscences of the early days were told by men who had taken part in the stirring events they described. Mayor Bate was chairman.

If your stomach is weak it should have help. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives strength to the stomach and cures dyspepsia and indigestion.

PERSONAL.
M. J. Curran, of Yokohama, is a guest at the Victoria.

W. A. Allan, of Chicago, is at the Victoria.

J. A. Kenney, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Driford.

Lord Albert Osborne, and Mr. Douglas Hall, of London, are at the Driford.

George White Fraser, of Toronto, and S. C. Matthews, of Montreal, commercial travellers, registered at the Driford yesterday evening.

A. Ayer, of Montreal, one of the largest handlers of dairy butter in Canada, accompanied by his secretary, registered at the Driford yesterday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Musher, of Honolulu, were passengers on the Warrimoo, which arrived from Sydney yesterday morning. They are staying at the Driford hotel. Capt. Musher is travelling for pleasure, and will be here for a few days, afterwards leaving for San Francisco.

R. D. had returned from a lengthy tour of European cities. During his trip Mr. Davis visited the Paris Exposition, Rome, Naples, and other places of interest. H. Mortimer Lamb, of the British Columbia Mining Journal, has left for England. He will be absent three months.

A ROUND-UP OF VAGS.
Seven Shady Characters Hauled In By Police Net Last Night.

Last evening at 10 o'clock, Chief of Police John Langley, with Detectives Palmer and Perdue, placed behind the bars no less than seven members of a gang of petty thieves, who have been operating in Victoria and at points up and down the coast for some time past. The names of the men placed under arrest are John Rogers, Pat. Edmunds, Charlie Adams, Pat. McDermott, J. McDonald, John Ryan and Henry Turner.

Several small robberies have been reported to the police of late, and the latter have had the individual members of the gang under surveillance for some time. On searching their cabins a quantity of clothing, some shoes and a revolver were found, presumably part of booty gained in several petty robberies. The men hail from the Sound cities, having taken advantage of the cheap fares to come to Victoria. Chief Langley and his men are particularly watchful of all incoming passengers, and are to be congratulated on acting with such promptitude on the appearance of undesirable characters and ridding the city of their presence. The men arrested last evening will be given a hearing in the police court this morning. They are all charged with vagrancy.

MUNYON'S KIDNEY CURE

"Kidney disease is probably the most fatal of all human ailments," says Prof. Munyon. "There is no disease that requires more careful attention. The following are the principal symptoms: Pain in the back, loins or groins; drowsiness, dark circles around the eyes, swelling of the feet and limbs, puff, flabby face, headache, blurred eyesight, swelling under the eyes, bad taste in the mouth, rough skin, nervousness, sleeplessness, languid, worn-out feeling, loss of flesh and strength, scanty urine, dark-colored, milky, bloody urine, deposits of red sand, gravel or mucus in the urine, frequent desire to pass water and too great a flow. I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 95 per cent. of all forms of kidney disease. When the disease is far advanced and there are other complications, the patient will better send a four-ounce vial of their urine with the symptoms. We will then make a careful analysis of the water, and advise the best course to pursue to cure the disease absolutely free of charge." Prof. Munyon puts up a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1,505 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

An Explosion At Nanking

Chinese City Shaken Up Severely and Thirty People Killed.

Rebels Burn Villages and Slay Inhabitants Indiscriminately.

Advices were brought by the Idzum! Maru of a great explosion at Nanking on October 30, in which several lives were lost, and much damage done. The correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury says:

"A gunpowder magazine, containing 500,000 cartridges, situated near a temple called Ku Ling Ang, was exploded by a stroke of lightning, during a severe thunderstorm, which was raging at the time.

"The report was almost simultaneous with a loud peal of thunder, and was a most terrific noise. It must have been heard for 20 miles. Scarcely a whole pane of glass is left in any foreign house within a radius of over four miles. Thirty persons are known to have been killed outright, and as many injured. Four were killed by a falling building over a mile away.

"The crash of broken glass was well nigh deafening. In some cases windows were blown out of their frames wholesale, and both frames and glasses smashed. Doors and French windows were wrenched from the hinges and hurled into the room. Iron bolts and fastenings were torn out, and bolts of dust were precipitated with the rain, which fell in torrents at the time.

Pieces of charred wood from boxes in which the powder was packed, together with pieces of blackened and twisted sheet tin and hoop iron, were hurled into the air and fell some of them two miles away from the scene of the explosion. But, if the wreckage of glass, doors, windows, and plaster was great in the foreign houses, wreckage on the spot and in the immediate vicinity of the explosion was truly appalling.

"The valley, no longer small, but ploughed and torn up for over a thousand yards, gave the appearance of a crater of a miniature extinct volcano. Not a vestige of the buildings and wall enclosing it remained."

The Idzum! Maru brings news that the rebellion in South China is increasing. Bloody fighting has occurred there, according to advices received. Towards the east of Kwangtung province a big battle occurred. The rebels had been making themselves rather irksome to the villagers for some time back, and latterly committed some excesses which thoroughly roused their anger to action. Accordingly the villagers at Sam To Chuk sent round the "Bory cross," and mustering 4,000, they sallied forth to meet the rebels in pitched battle at a place between Sam To Chuk and Young Fa. The forces were about equally matched, as regards numbers, but the weapons of the villagers were of an antiquated type in comparison with those used by the generality of the insurgents. The one rabble met the other on the 10th, and a fierce conflict took place, lasting over the 20th and the 21st. In the end the villagers were driven back, with tremendous losses.

The slaughter on the rebel side is said to reach 400, while the loss on the side of the villagers totalled over 2,000. The slaughter was carried out with the usual ferocity, and the villagers having been accused of being friendly towards the troops, were given no quarter.

The rebels, not content with the result of the three days' fighting, followed up their victory by marching on the villages of their adversaries, now only inhabited by women and children, and overtook them. They fired every village in the district, and slew the innocent indiscriminately.

In all 3,000 houses were burned and in hundreds of cases the helpless occupants with them.

News of the affair did not take long to travel south, and a force of 2,000 troops of Admiral Ho's force arrived on the scene, and on the morning of that day another bloody battle took place, the result of which has not yet come to hand.

The admiral himself has returned to Wankong with 200 men under his command, having burned Sam Chan Tin and Ma Lan Tau, two of the rebel strongholds. As a precaution against surprise, and also as a protection to the neighborhood he left 600 picked men at Ping Shan. The admiral says he does not mean to advance, as the rebels are retreating outside of his jurisdiction.

OLD AGE.
Old age as it comes in the orderly process of nature is a beautiful and majestic thing. The very shadow of old age which threatens it, makes it the more prized. It stands for experience, wisdom, and counsel. That old age as it should be. But old age as it so often is means nothing but a second childhood of mind and body. What makes this difference? Very largely the care of the stomach. In youth and the full strength of manhood it doesn't seem to matter how we treat the stomach. We abuse it, overwork it, injure it. We don't suffer from it much. But when age comes the stomach is worn out. It can't prepare and distribute the needed nourishment to the body and the body, unenriched, falls into senile decay. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a wonderful medicine for old people whose stomachs are "weak," and whose digestions are poor. Its invigorating effects are felt by mind as well as body. It takes the self from old age, and makes old people strong.

Handy List of Victoria Firms

SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICKS, ETC.
B.C. POTTERY CO., LTD.—Cor. Broad and Pandora, Victoria.

BOOK EXCHANGE.
CASHMORE'S 88% Douglas street, buys and exchanges all kinds of books and novels.

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.
M. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

DANCING.
DANCING CLASS—Pulham Hall, Monday and Thursday evenings, 50 cents. Prof. A. C. Beach.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.—R. Maynard, 41 Pandora street.—All kinds of photographic material for amateurs and professionals; Kodaks, Pocos, Koronas, Primos, Etc. Same block Mrs. R. Maynard's Art Studio; also views of British Columbia and Alaska for sale. Same block—Maynard's Shoe and Flank store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings. Phone 3800.

BAMBOO WORK.
NEW AND DURABLE STYLE of bamboo work at Kaval & Co., 56 Douglas st. a20

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THOMAS CATTERALL—10 Broad street. Alterations, office fittings, wharves repaired, etc.

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E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LTD.—Importers of iron, steel, hardware, pipe fittings, cutlery, etc. Mining and Milling supplies a specialty.

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STEINER & EARLE, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke st., near Government.

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E. F. GEIGER, Sanitary Plumbing, Gas and Hot Water Fitting. Tel. 220.

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PAISLEY DYE WORKS, Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885, 114 1/2 Yates street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Tel. 200—Largest establishment; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

SCAVENGERS.
ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street—Yards, Etc. cleaned. Orders left at Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort streets; Schroeder Bros., corner Michie and Menzies will be promptly attended to.

PETER HANSEN, City Scavenger, teamster and wood dealer. Building sand and gravel for sale. Address, 49 Discovery street. Telephone 184.

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FOR GOOD VALUE—Go to the Old Country Boot Store, 91 Johnson street. a18

Vancouver Business Directory
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JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street. AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYER.

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BANK OF MONTREAL.
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CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED, Vancouver. Electrical Supplies.

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THOS. DUNN & CO., Ltd., 8 and 10 Cordova street.

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HOTELS.
COMMERCIAL HOTEL—\$2.00 per day. BADMINTON HOUSE, rates \$2 and \$2.50. STRAND HOTEL, Hastings street. On the European plan.

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The Strand Hotel.
On the European plan. Special rooms Commercial Men. Hastings street West. Vancouver, B.C.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL. TURKISH BATHS.
Best \$2.00 a Day House in Vancouver. F. J. COSTELLO, Manager.

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WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.
Time Table No. 55—Taking Effect November 15th, 1900.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, at 1 a.m. From inner wharf. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily at 1:15 o'clock, p.m., or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 Train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner, Lulu and Islands—Tuesday and Friday, at 7 a.m. Leave New Westminster for Victoria and Way Ports—Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a.m.

NORTHERN ROUTE.
Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday, via Vancouver, for Wrangell and Skagway, at 8 p.m.

ALASKA ROUTE.
Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate points via Vancouver, 1st and 15th of each month, at 11 p.m.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.
Steamers leave Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports on the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quinsno and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

G. A. CARLTON, General Freight Agent. C. S. BAXTER, General Passenger Agent.

When Going East Take The

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Through Cars to
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STEAMSHIP AND SLEEPING CAR
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Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
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Atlantic Steamship Sailings.

From
Portland, Halifax.
Corinthian—Allan Line Dec. 1 Direct
Parisian—Allan Line Dec. 6 Direct
Tunisian—Allan Line Dec. 13 Dec. 14
Dominion—Dominion Line Dec. 8 Direct
Cambrian—Dominion Line Dec. 18 Direct
Vancouver—Dominion Line Dec. 29 Direct

From
St. John, Halifax.
Lake Megantic—Beaver L. Nov. 30 Dec. 31
Lake Superior—Beaver L. Dec. 7 Dec. 8
Lake Erie—Beaver Line Dec. 21 Dec. 22

From
Boston.
New England—Dominion Line Dec. 5
Commonwealth—Dominion Line Dec. 12

FROM NEW YORK.
California—Allan S. Line Dec. 1
Sardinian—Allan S. Line Dec. 8
Campanian—Allan S. Line Dec. 1
Etrurian—Allan S. Line Dec. 8
Cymric—White Star Line Dec. 5
Tonic—White Star Line Dec. 12
Germanic—White Star Line Dec. 12
St. Louis—American Line Dec. 5
New York—American Line Dec. 12
Deutschland—Hamburg-Am. Line Dec. 12
Lahn—N. G. Lloyd Line Dec. 11
Astoria—Anchor Line Dec. 1
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Agent, Gen. S.S. Agent,
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PREPARED READY FOR USE.

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All Grocers keep these Goods.

NEW JAPANESE FANCY GOODS

Arrived at ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St., and at YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 152 Government St., near Victoria Hotel.

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PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.,
BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO., BRITISH YUKON RAILWAY CO.,
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THE ATLIN, KLONDIKE AND YUKON GOLD FIELDS

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THE WHITE PASS AND YUKON ROUTE
EARLIER IN THE SEASON AND QUICKER THAN ANY OTHER WAY.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) WINTER TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN
SKAGWAY AND WHITE HORSE

PASSENGER TRAIN TIME CARD.
Lv. 8:30 a.m. Skagway Ar. 4:40 p.m.
Lv. 11:20 a.m. White Horse Ar. 2:00 p.m.
Lv. 12:15 p.m. Bennett Ar. 1:25 p.m.
Lv. 2:00 p.m. Caribou Ar. 11:33 a.m.
Lv. 4:40 p.m. White Horse Ar. 9:00 a.m.

THROUGH WINTER MAIL AND EXPRESS SERVICE MAINTAINED TO AND FROM YUKON POINTS.
J. H. GHEER, Commercial Agent, 100 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

Esquimalt-Nanaimo Ry. Co.
VICTORIA-COMOX ROUTE.
Take Effect Tuesday Oct. 16, 1900

S.S. "CITY OF NANAIMO"
Sails from Victoria, Tuesday, 7:00 a.m., for Nanaimo and Way Ports.

Sails from Nanaimo, Wednesday, 7:00 a.m., for Union Wharf, Comox and Way Ports.

Sails from Comox and Union Wharf, Thursday, 8:00 a.m., for Nanaimo and Way Ports.

Sails from Nanaimo, Friday, 4:00 a.m., for Comox and Union Wharf direct.

Sails from Comox and Union Wharf, Friday, 6 p.m., for Nanaimo direct.

Sails from Nanaimo, Saturday, 7:00 a.m., for Victoria and Way Ports.

GEO. L. COUNTEY, Traffic Manager.

TO THE EDITOR:
I wish to inform Victorians visiting Vancouver that the headquarters for Victorians while in the Terminal City is the Strand Hotel. I make a special effort to please Victoria patrons.

W. D. WOOD, Strand Hotel.

DUNCAN-MT. SICKER STAGE.

Leaves Duncan daily at 12 noon, returning leaves Mt. Sicker 3:30 p.m.
For freight rates and further particulars, apply to
KEAST'S LIVERY & FREIGHTING STABLES.

TENDERS
By direction of the heirs at

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1900.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.

Limited Liability,

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

PERGIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by Carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at following rates:

One year\$3 30
Six months 1 80

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

One year\$1 50
Six months 75
Three months 40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted should be handed to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the Night Editor.

YESTERDAY'S VOTE.

Yesterday's vote on the railway by-law was the most remarkable demonstration by the ratepayers of Victoria that has ever transpired in the history of the city. The vote was very large, probably much the largest ever thrown upon any by-law. The majority is simply enormous. The affirmative vote is more than five to one of the negative. In view of the fact that among those actively opposing the by-law were many of the largest real estate owners, who have, under our system of voting, a number of votes, it is safe to cut the number of votes cast in half, in order to get at the actual number of individuals opposed to the by-law, which would give 155. Possibly this is a high estimate of the number of individual opponents. On the other hand, while many of the supporters of the by-law had more than one vote, it is nevertheless true that most of the small property owners favored it, so that the proportion of individuals to the number of votes cast in favor of the by-law is considerably higher than that of those opposed to it. So far as could be learned from the expressions of opinion on the streets and at public meetings, the overwhelming majority of the voters of the city, who are not ratepayers, favored the by-law. On a vote taken on the electoral list of the city, the disproportion between the negative and affirmative contingents would be even more astounding than it was yesterday.

It would be the height of folly for any one to misunderstand what the vote of yesterday signifies. Its meaning is as clear as possible. It is that the people of Victoria are thoroughly aroused and are determined to take their future in their own hands and have those things which they think they need. The result of long months of agitation by the city newspapers was seen yesterday. Those people, who were in touch with public opinion, knew what was coming. It came with more tremendous force than they anticipated, which shows the power of a correct principle. The vote of yesterday was not simply an approval of the railway by-law. It was an assertion by the people of Victoria of a determination on their part to bring to an end the days of Victoria's isolation. It is the beginning of a new order of things. A new power was born in Victoria yesterday, namely, the power of united effort upon sound principles. Depend upon it, this by-law would never have been crowned with such success, if it had not been right in principle. The mere financial features of the proposition were subordinate to the greater issues involved. The people felt that they were not voting simply whether they should or should not pay \$15,000 a year for a specific service for twenty years, but whether or not their city should gird up its loins for an advance along the lines which lead to prosperity and wealth.

We are sure that the Mayor and Aldermen must feel highly satisfied with the manner in which the ratepayers have affirmed their action in submitting such a by-law. Their conduct has been grandly vindicated.

Those who opposed the by-law were doubtless entirely conscientious in so doing. It would be a strange thing, indeed, if there were not in this community a very small minority, who, for one reason or another, were unable to give their assent to any proposal involving taxation. We feel confident that the opponents of the measure will accept their defeat gracefully and unite with the majority in any further efforts that may be made to advance the interests of this city. Among those opponents were some who have large interests here. Our only wish in regard to them is that they may see the mistake they have made brought home to them, in the shape of enhanced value of their possessions and substantial additions to their wealth.

Many persons yesterday expressed their hearty approval of the united effort put forward by the two city papers in this matter. We feel it to be a subject for congratulation, and think we may say with some degree of confidence that the Times and the Colonist will always

be found fighting side by side for everything calculated to advance the material interests of Victoria and Vancouver Island.

Let us add that the great popular demonstration of yesterday must only be the beginning of a new era for Victoria. The great work of progress has only begun. Much remains to be accomplished. The same unity of action, which achieved such a victory yesterday, must be brought to bear at the earliest possible day, and that will, we hope, be a very early day, upon another project, namely, the construction of a railway to the north end of the Island. The provincial government can hardly overlook the action of the people of this city. A community which has voted to place its hands in its own pockets to secure railway connection with the outside world, has a right to expect the government to listen to it when it asks for further aid to advance its welfare. Moreover, the government itself will feel its hands greatly strengthened by yesterday's vote in bringing down a vigorous railway policy.

VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Vancouver Island, in many parts, perhaps the greater part, is very difficult of access by prospectors because of the dense undergrowth. There are many portions of British Columbia where a man on foot can make his way without difficulty, and this observation applies to a considerable degree of all the Interior; but on this Island and along the Coast, where the rainfall and mild winter conduce to the growth of vegetation, the conditions which confront the prospector are often very trying. We do not know just to what extent the government can remedy this disadvantage, under which prospectors on this Island labor, but doubtless something can be done, and we hope to see the subject taken up by the department of Public Works, and also that of Mines, with a view to solving the problem as far as possible. Of course, what we say in regard to the Island applies with perhaps equal force to portions of the coast of the Mainland.

We think also that a special effort ought to be made by the cities of Victoria and Nanaimo, acting in unison, to secure the widest possible advertising of this Island and its resources. Here is an extract from a letter from the purchasing agent of a very large corporation. We suppress names, for we have no authority to use them. The letter, after asking about Comox or Nanaimo coal, says: "This coal, I understand, is mined on Vancouver Island. Let me know if any shipments are made to the States."

Many persons may think that the writer of such a letter is in a state of profound ignorance, but how many people in Victoria know where Butte City, Montana, gets its coal, and over what railway it is carried? Newspaper men, who are more in the way of finding out what strangers know about this Island than any one else, will tell you that for one person who has any adequate conception of what the Island is like, one hundred are nearly absolutely ignorant. At the Thanksgiving Dinner on Wednesday night, Consul Smith said that when he told his friends and neighbors in Illinois that he was coming to Victoria, none of them had the least idea where it was. This may seem like inexcusable ignorance, but how many of you can tell, off-hand, where Williamsport, a city larger than Victoria, and noted as one of the great lumber centres of the United States, is situated? As a general proposition, we may assume that other people know no more about us than we know about them, and it is not necessary to tell persons, who have travelled any, how very little most of us know about other places. To the majority, nations, cities and the like are simply geographical expressions.

How would a proposition like this do? Suppose that Victoria gives \$1,500 and Nanaimo \$500, and another \$1,000 be raised by private subscription, and the government be asked to supplement this by an amount equal to the aggregate of these three sums. This would give \$6,000. Let this sum be expended next year in advertising Vancouver Island to the world. A great deal of good could be accomplished by the judicious expenditure of \$6,000. By judicious expenditure we do not mean that it should be dribbled out, but that it should be employed in a way to challenge attention. Do not permit another year to pass without letting the world know something about the magnificent region which is right at our doors, and the possibilities of which we hardly realize ourselves.

THE MINT.

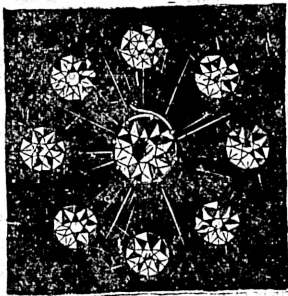
We are not surprised that opposition to a branch of the Royal Mint is developing in the East. People who are making money out of the existing condition of things will not unreasonably be opposed to a change. This is usually the case with other things, and we do not know why this particular matter should be an exception. It is to be hoped that the government will stand firm. One can hardly see how it can be otherwise. We do not believe for a moment that the effect of a mint would be disadvantageous to the banking interests. If the idea was that all the gold produced in Canada should be converted into Canadian coin and put into circulation, probably financial circles would have reason to be disturbed. We should greatly deprecate anything which would unsettle the banking system. But nothing of this kind is at all likely to result. The coinage of a limited quantity of Canadian coins can do no harm whatever. If it leads to the supplanting of United States gold, of which considerable is used in the Dominion, surely no harm will result. If a little more gold goes into circulation, no one will be injured. And surely it can be no conceivable injury to any one to have sovereigns coined in Canada.

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We Are Able This Christmas To Favor You With a

BEAUTIFUL, HALF HOOP, 5-STONE DIAMOND RING FOR ONLY \$50.00.

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Ladies' and Misses' New and Fashionable Jackets, Hats and Waterproofs. Positively Below Cost.
MISSSES' JACKETS.....\$2.75
LADIES' JACKETS.....\$4.00 to \$5.00
WATERPROOFS.....\$3.75
Three Thousand Yards of Colored Bunting and Muslins for Santa Claus Bags all at .5 cts. yard.

C. C. RUSSELL,

Masonic Buildings, Douglas Street.

UNJUST DISCRIMINATION.

We would like to have some explanation of the reason why The Labor Gazette, the official publication of the Dominion government, discriminates against Victoria. There are reports on Vancouver and district and New Westminster and district, but none on Victoria and district. There is a report on Vancouver Island, but in it Victoria is only incidentally mentioned in connection with the ship-building industry. What are called "living schedules" are published, which give the cost of living in certain cities. New Westminster, Vancouver and Nanaimo are included in the list, but Victoria is not. A man reading the Gazette would naturally conclude that Victoria is not of sufficient importance to deserve mention. It is not easy to see how this can be explained away. It creates the impression, and it is a painful impression, that the government has intentionally discriminated against this city. We shall be disappointed if the Times does not join with us in a protest against a repetition of this injustice.

It was a case of two birds with one stone. Both the C. P. R. and the Great Northern are coming to Victoria as the result of the recent agitation.

The closest estimate of the voting was made by H. M. Graham last Monday, when he told the editor of this paper that the affirmative vote would be 85 per cent. of the total vote cast. It was 87½ per cent.

We suppose some of our esteemed correspondents were disappointed because their letters on the ferry by-law did not appear in yesterday's Colonist; but we could not help it. The letters were given out, with directions that they should appear if possible. During the evening the night editor expressed his doubts as to the possibility of making use of them, and in the end was compelled to give it up. The majority of the letters favored the by-law. We make this explanation because we tried as best we could to give every one a chance to express his views through the Colonist, and do not want any one to think that we have treated him with discourtesy.

The Cardwell Sentinel, a Conservative paper, ridicules those who are vociferating about the necessity of choosing a leader for the Conservative party. It thinks the wisest thing that party can do is to get itself together and learn just where it is at. Most of the Conservative papers are coming around to the view expressed by the Colonist a few days after the election, namely, that the proper course to take is to let matters alone for the present, to wait until parliament meets, to choose a sessional leader and be content with that for the present. There is no one who holds the Conservative party in the hollow of his hand, and it will trust its fortunes to no

leader until he has shown himself fit for leadership. Ambitious politicians ought to be content to serve an apprenticeship before asking for the foreman's job.

EXPORTING ORE.

To the Editor of the Colonist:

Sir:—I noticed a despatch in your issue of this morning heralding the fact that very large shipments are being made from Kootenay, via the coast of British Columbia, of silver lead concentrates to Chitt. If you think that that is anything for British Columbia to be proud of, I do not, and in a few words I will tell you why. This ore contains silver and lead. It is consigned to the Guggenheims in Chitt to use in reducing to lead bullion, the dry silver ores they are obtaining there. It is then shipped back to San Francisco, where it is refined. The bullion may be shipped East to Aurora, but more probably, it is refined in San Francisco. The silver is then either shipped direct to the Orient (San Francisco shipments of silver to the Orient are increasing very rapidly) or exported to Europe. From Europe it probably goes to India or China. In any case, the lead is either imported into the United States, or having been refined in bond is sent to Europe, around the Horn. Now, consider two or three points. 1. The dry ores of South America cannot be smelted without the wet ores of British Columbia (or some other wet ores) where the wet ores of British Columbia can be smelted without the dry ores of South America, although it pays to mix as much dry ore with them as they will collect the value of. Therefore, the dry ores of South America should be forced to come to British Columbia to be smelted. 2. British Columbia is in a favorable position to find a market for the lead product of the ore as San Francisco is to find a market for the lead product of imported ore. 3. British Columbia is in a better position to ship refined silver to the Orient than San Francisco is. And then a paean of joy is raised at this lead ore being shipped to Chitt. Why it is a brand of industrial impotency, and should be a cause of weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth, and more of anxious endeavor to prevent it. We have the greatest area of silver lead mines in the world, the finest market for silver in the world—the Orient. We ought to have a progressive home market for lead and its products, as well as excellent facilities for shipping them abroad. Yet, we are expected to rejoice at the visible signs of this industry being

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MONDAY, DECEMBER 3rd.

MAGNIFICENT REVIVAL OF
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We have a sure cure, which can be given with or without the knowledge of the patient. Send for particulars, enclosing 2c. stamp for reply. Address Dr. W. H. Saunders & Co., Sta. C., Chicago, Ill.

ing carried past our noses. We're queerly constituted. If we can extract much gratification from that, especially as the pleasure which it is carried in is a worse position to control the industry than we are. If your columns are open to me, I will trouble you with some further remarks on what this industry would mean to British Columbia, and how it can be established, at another time. DAVID B. BOGLE.

ENCOURAGING THRIFT.

A Western Merchant's Way of Helping His Employees to Lay Up Money.

From the Washington Evening Star.
"I always have confidence in people who save a little money out of their salaries," said a prominent Western merchant, "and I do what I can to encourage habits of thrift. I employ about seventy-five clerks in my establishment, to whom I pay weekly salaries ranging from \$10 to \$40. Naturally enough, more of them get the sort of money than the latter amount, but they are none the less worthy on that account.

"In the beginning, when I employed only two people, I lived pretty close to them, and I knew how thriftless they could be when they were not encouraged to do otherwise. I have discharged more clerks for that sort of thing than for any other cause. They spent their salaries, large or small as might be, in a reckless fashion, and let debt accumulate quite regardless of the rights of creditors. As my business increased, and with it my profits and my force of people, I began to give the matter more thought, and in the end, when I felt able to be of material assistance in encouraging thrift and honesty, I proposed a yearly recognition to those who would save something out of their salaries. It was small at first, but was so successful that to-day I have a clerk who has not some kind of a bank account, and not one who wilfully refuses to pay his debts. When we get a new one who refuses to take advantage of the opportunities afforded we let him go at the end of the first year.

"My present plan is to double the savings of all clerks who receive \$10, \$12 and \$15 a week to add 25 per cent. to all who receive from \$15 to \$25, and 10 per cent. for those over \$25. A clerk on \$15 a week or under cannot save much, but as a rule that class of clerks have no one to maintain but themselves, and if one cannot save more than \$25 out of his year's labor, it is rather pleasant for him to get \$25 clear profit. Those who receive the larger amounts usually have families and their savings are not large, but whatever they are they are comfortably increased. One of my \$1,200 a year clerks, with a wife and two small children, saved \$100 last year, and my check for \$100 additional was deposited to his account the day after New Year. A young woman in charge of a department at \$900 a year has almost paid for a nice little cottage in the suburbs out of her extra, and so the list runs on through every branch of the business. I make it a condition that all current obligations must be met at the end of the year, so that the savings are actual net profit. Every year some of the clerks are not entitled to any extra, but if this is the result of sickness I assume a part of the doctor's bills. You may say it costs something for me to do this, and I am under no obligation to do it, and you are right. But I have the best class of clerks in the city, and as a result I have the best class of custom in the city, and I guess I don't lose enough by it to necessitate an assignment at any date," and the merchant smiled with a very evident satisfaction.

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot feel and act like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the blood, remove nervousness, and give strength and rest.

A Special Consignment of

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PATTERNS, ETC.,
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Are the best power for all purposes.

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C.G.E. apparatus is the standard. We have installed more apparatus than all other companies in Canada.
For prices and information, address
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LIMITED,
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Removal Notice

Chung Lung & Co., Importers and Dealers in Chinese Merchandise, and Contractors, have removed from Government street to 46 Flanagan street.

Wheat Flakes

A Delicious Breakfast Dish Manufactured Fresh Every Day.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

OUR DEMONSTRATOR IS TO-DAY AT
SPEED BROS.

CALL IN AND TRY A SAMPLE DISH.

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO. LTD

You Are In a Rush!

You don't want to wait a week or two!

You want it now.

It's getting cooler; your summer suit will not fill the bill.

You don't want to pay two prices.

Then consult Fit-Reform Wardrobe.

They have the Up-to-Date Styles in Fancy Checks, Striped Worsteds, Scotch and Grey Checks; best twilled lining; hand-made, silk-stitched button holes; equal to \$28.00 custom-made, and the price \$15.00.

There's genuine worth and satisfaction in Fit-Reform Garments that is accountable for its great popularity and sale.

Fit-Reform Wardrobe, 73 Government St., Victoria.

A Pancake Breakfast.

No breakfast is complete without the appetizing pancake and the syrup that accompanies it.

We sell prepared pancake flour—it's perfectly healthful and saves lots of trouble—and we sell the best table syrups.

All the various Breakfast Cereals constantly on hand. Maple and other Syrups.

BRANCH AT ALBERNI.

The Saunders' Grocery Co., Ltd.

It's Overshoe Weather Now...

It costs but little to keep your feet dry, while the penalty for getting them wet is often a large sum.

We have rubbers to fit every man, woman and child in Victoria. Every size and width. Every toe shape and style. Ladies' Overshoes, Storm Rubbers, Sandals and Footloids.

Ladies' Rubber Sole Boots.
Ladies' Waterproof Leather Boots.

GENTLEMEN'S
Rubbers and Self-acting Rubbers—all shapes in toes.

Rubber Sole Boots in Black and Tan Waterproof "K" Boots.

OVERSHOES
for Misses and Children, for Boys, Youths and Little Gents. In short, Overshoes for everybody.

We can tell you more about our Rubber Stock when you come in.

The Paterson Shoe Co. Ltd.
NEW SHOE PARLORS.
70 Government St. old Westside



A Speedy Recovery

Depends on three things: A good physician, a good nurse, and the purity and uniformity of the drugs and medicines employed in the case.

ALWAYS COME HERE

With your Prescriptions, and for Toilet and Bath Requisites.

CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist,
98 Government Street. Near Yates St.
Ask for Booklet, "Cake Cooking."

FURS

SOUPAL & CO., 34 Government Street.

HOMES.

Buy a home on the installment plan. A few dollars down to start with, and a little more than the monthly rent, and in a few years the house is your own. If or else "how to pay the rent," will never again bother you.

Here are a few of many nice homes, all cheap, and all on the installment plan.

DOUGLAS STREET (close to)—Capital 7 roomed cottage, stable, etc.

FRANCIS AVENUE—Good 6 roomed house, full sized lot.

CALEDONIA AVENUE—Nice 5 roomed cottage and buildings.

SEVENTH STREET—Cheerful 6 roomed house.

CADBORO BAY ROAD—Good 6 roomed house.

AND QUITE A FEW MORE.

APPLY TO

C. C. REVANS

Land and Insurance Agent,
34 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., and
London, England.

AUCTION SALES.—All Advertisements for Auction Sales will be found on Page 8.

Do You Want—A situation? One cent a word an issue, in the Colonist Want Column will fill the bill. Try it—only 25c.

For the Park.—Capt. Walbran, of the D. G. S. Quadra, has presented to the park a fawn, for which he has the thanks of Chairman Hall of the park committee.

Death of Robert English.—On Wednesday night the death occurred at the Jubilee hospital of Robert English, a native of Northumberland, Eng. The Masonic order will take charge of the funeral, which will be on Sunday.

Organ Recitals.—During Advent Mr. A. Longfield will give another series of organ recitals at St. John's church. The first will take place after evening song on Sunday next, when the following vocalists will assist: Mrs. Jarman, Mrs. Gresson and Mr. Herbert Kent.

Mrs. Horne Fund.—The fund being raised for the benefit of Mrs. Horne was increased yesterday by several dollars, the total now being \$27.25, made up as follows: Prescriptions, \$1.00; 15c. 25c. S. H. O'Dell, \$1; Robert Horon, \$1; Mrs. Kosche, \$2; Mrs. S. A. Stoddart, \$3; and J. W. P., \$5.

Died Yesterday.—Mary Herberta Sullivan died yesterday morning at No. 48 South road, the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George Sherwood. The deceased lady was 67 years of age and a native of Ontario. The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence.

Didn't Get Far.—Burglars entered the residence of Mr. L. Crimp, Cadboro Bay road, during Wednesday night, through a window in the dining room. They found themselves locked in this room, the doors leading to other parts of the house being barred, so they satisfied themselves with taking an overcoat.

Services To-day.—To-day being St. Andrew's Day, is observed by the Anglican church as a time of intercession on behalf of missionary work amongst the heathen. The services at Christ Church will be: Holy communion, 8 a.m.; matins and address by Rev. W. Hugh Allen, 11 a.m.; vespers, with address by the Bishop, 7.30.

Died in the Home.—William Raby, aged 66 years, died at the Home for the Aged and Infirm at 6:15 a.m. yesterday. He was a native of Horton, Cambridge, Eng., and accompanied his parents to Victoria when they came here with Bishop Cridge about 46 years ago. He has had a very long illness, having been confined to his bed nearly a year. The funeral will take place at Saanich, and will start from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral & Furnishing Co.

Trains Collided.—Mr. Arthur Langley, who has just returned from San Francisco, met with an experience which he will not forget in a hurry. He was travelling overland, and when near Dunsmuir, on the Southern Pacific, the train on which he was riding collided with another going both ways in the same direction. In the collision three engines were wrecked, there being two on one train, and some cars were badly broken, but, luckily, only two of the passengers were hurt, although all were thrown about in the carriages. The two injured were not badly hurt.

Brownlie-Moore.—Mr. Hinkson Siddall's residence, on upper Pandora street, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Tuesday evening. Rev. E. S. Rowe, of the Metropolitan Methodist church, uniting in marriage William Brownlie-Moore, and Miss Anne Moore, of Ontario. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the intimate friends of the contracting parties. Mr. Siddall gave the bride away, Miss Rose Matthews was bridesmaid, and A. S. Huxtable acted as best man. The bride carried a pretty bouquet of white carnations and roses, and the bridesmaid pink carnations and roses. The room in which the ceremony took place was very nicely decorated for the occasion. A dainty supper was served after the ceremony. A large number of presents were received, some coming all the way from Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Brownlie have taken up their residence on Bodwell street.

E. W. GOWEN

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Purine Tablets** the remedy that cures a cold in one day

FOR LADIES

Diamond-set Gold Watches; Solid Gold Chains. Something dainty just to hand. Call and see.

FINE WORK

Is our specially strong point, and everything entrusted to us is guaranteed.

Twenty years' experience in handling watches of the highest grade.

GOLDSMITH and SILVERSMITH

Give Us a Trial.

E. ANDERNAK,

The Jeweller, 57 Yates Street

At greatly reduced prices, in order to decrease our heavy stock by the new year.

Place your Xmas orders before the usual rush.

Furs made over and renovated.

WE CONSIDER

Our prescription department the most important part of our business. We dispense nothing but pure, fresh drugs, and our patients can rest assured that any prescriptions they may bring to us will be carefully and accurately compounded.

HALL & CO., Dispensing Chemists,
Clarence Bldg., Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

NOTICE.

The ANNUAL REPORT of the B. C. Board of Trade, containing a specially illustrated ARTICLE ON VICTORIA, will be ready for distribution in a few days. Persons desirous of sending copies of the same to friends should forward names and addresses to

F. ELWORTHY, Secretary.

Carried by

Huge Majority

Railway Ferry Project Endorsed by Ratepayers at Polls Yesterday.

The Vote in Favor of the By-Law Was Over Five to One.

FOR..... 1,738

AGAINST..... 319

The liveliest contest which ever occurred over a municipal issue in the history of Victoria is ended, and by a vote more than five to one, the ratepayers have expressed approval of the railway ferry by-law, which promises connection with the Great Northern system on the Mainland.

The result was a surprise to even the most sanguine friends of the project, none thinking that such a tremendous majority would be polled in favor of it, though there was never at any time during the past few days a particle of doubt in the minds of those who had watched the trend of events as to the general outcome.

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Everything new; New Valencia Raisins, New Royal Buckingham Clusters, New and Cleaned Fine Filiatra Currants, New Mixed Peel, New Jordan and Valencia Almonds, New Crystallized Fruits, full range just arrived for Erskine, Wall & Co.

Mantels Tiles and Grates

A particularly fine assortment on hand. Call and inspect these art goods. Estimates cheerfully given.

AGENT FOR LUXFER PRISMS.

W. J. ANDERSON,

Langley street, cor. Courtenay.

counted showed five to one in favor of the by-law.

Bulletins were posted on the Colonist window from time to time, showing the progress of the count, and the same were hailed with cheers by the waiting crowd. The vote by wards was as follows:

North Ward..... 339 14
Central Ward..... 314 69
South Ward..... 485 104

Totals..... 1,738 319

There were 7 spoiled ballots—North ward, 3; South ward, 2; Central ward, 2.

Scotsmen Celebrate.—This evening the annual banquet of the St. Andrew's & Caledonian Society will be given at the Hotel Diarrid. The attendance will likely be very large, as a great many tickets have been sold. Sir Henry Joly will be one of the principal speakers of the evening, proposing the toast, "The Army, Navy and Volunteers."

Winter Picnic.—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the First Congregational church will hold a "winter picnic" in Temperance Hall, Pandora street, at 8 o'clock this evening. A programme appropriate to the occasion has been arranged. The R. C. R. of Hospital Point barracks will also add to the enjoyment of the evening, by giving two performances. Refreshments will be served, and a collection taken in aid of missions.

Modern Residence.—The residence built by Mr. Ian Coltart, near Mr. James Dunsinuir's residence, Craig flower road, will be sold by auction, under power of mortgage, by The Cathbert-Brownie Co., Ltd., on December 1. The residence is one of the best built in the city, and is very conveniently arranged, being fitted with all modern conveniences. There is about an acre of ground, the whole property costing \$4,000.

Mrs. McConnan Dead.—The death occurred at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday, of Mrs. McConnan, relict of the late Thomas McConnan. The deceased was a native of St. John's, Newfoundland, aged 67 years, and resided in the city until 1887, when she came to Victoria with her family. Three sons survive her, viz., D. B. of the Dominion government Savings Bank; E. M., with Simon Leiser, and Walter K., formerly of the Colonist business office. Mrs. McConnan had been ill for about eight weeks. An operation was performed, in the hope of saving her life, but this proved unsuccessful. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2:30, from the family residence, 39 Simcoe street, and at 3 at St. James church, James Bay.

INDEPENDENT FORESTERS.

New Court Instituted at North Bend Last Week.

A court of the Independent Order of Foresters was instituted at North Bend on Tuesday evening, the 27th instant, by W. E. Gillespie, D. S. C. R., of Toronto, with a large charter list. The court started off with the following officers duly installed: Court Deputy, James Tyrer; C. R. W. R. Hunt; S. C. R. George D. Stoddard; V. C. R. Charles E. King; Rec. Sec. John Turner; Fin. Sec. James Halliday; Treas. John Gopelard; Orator John T. Gail; Organist, Hugh Fossett; S. W. Thomas; McMillin; J. W. George M. Thom; S. B. Andrew J. Rear; J. B. P. Ward; trustees, H. H. Gilstead, P. F. Crick, A. Phinester and Charles Mickelson.

CONVENTION CLOSED.

Inter-Denominational Sunday School Workers Conclude Session at Metropolitan Church.

At the inter-denominational Sunday school held at the Metropolitan Methodist church, a song service was held yesterday, conducted by R. B. McKicking. At the close of this service, President Shakespeare opened the business session. After prayer had been asked by Rev. D. MacLach, a telegram was read from Marion Leach of Toledo, Ohio, sending his congratulations to the first convention of the great inter-denominational Sunday school movement held in British Columbia. President Shakespeare, in an address following the reading of the telegram, said that church-schools must do all they could to foster and cherish the new step towards closer denominational ties. He also said that the next step to be taken by the provincial executive committee would be for the organization of the other districts of Nanaimo, Vancouver, Kamloops and Nelson.

Rev. W. C. Merritt, of Tacoma, addressed the meeting, and said he was glad that the meetings of June last had brought forth such a lusty boy and one which Victoria should be proud of. He hoped that the schools would adopt "decision day" as a means of gathering in the harvest of the new season of sowing. He then outlined the work of the five vice-presidents, viz., 1st vice-president to be the superintendent of primary work; 2nd vice-president, the superintendent of the home class department; 3rd vice-president, superintendent of house-to-house visitation; 4th vice-president, superintendent of normal class work; 5th vice-president, superintendent of present convention work.

A vocal solo, "Watch While I Sleep," was given by Miss Spencer, and then a collection was taken up to defray the expenses of the conference. An address was given by Rev. E. S. Rowe on "What The Lord Doing." The speaker said that the Sunday school teachers were nation builders, they building character, and they should know the raw material entrusted to their care.

SEE
Thursday's Colonist
and Times
FOR

The Westside's FRIDAY BARGAINS

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd., Victoria.

With the near approach of CHRISTMAS comes the question: "Where shall I buy my CHRISTMAS PRESENTS?"

We can show you a splendid assortment of Jewellery, Silverware, etc., and at prices that will commend themselves to you whether your wants be small or extensive. We invite you to call and examine our stock before making your purchases, as we feel confident we can give you satisfaction.

C.E. REDFERN
43 Government St.

There are Pianos and Pianos

Everyone is aware of that but there is only one

Gerhard Heintzman

The Piano of Pianodom.

Have you considered our plan of selling Pianos on the easy monthly payment system?

It is the most liberal and equitable plan ever proposed. See us about it. Everyone can own a Piano.

Fletcher Bros.

93 Government Street.

Flowing-End Ties

The Flowing End Ties lead with the careful dressers. They are so easy to tie on the new stand up turn down collars, and when tied have a very graceful appearance.

Here are some beauties in choice designs and neat colors.

50 Cents.

W. G. CAMERON

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 65 Johnson Street.

Boys' Suits,

\$2.00 to \$5.50

Youths' Suits,

\$5.00 to 14.00

Men's Suits,

\$8.00 to 24.00

W. & J. Wilson

83 GOVERNMENT STREET.

The Piping Times of Peace

Bring out demands for GOOD

When you want a Piano of this class, consult us, as we have the best makes, the best stock to select from, and the best terms.

The finest assortment of musical instruments on the Coast.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

NO. 44 GOVERNMENT ST.

Piano showrooms upstairs.

Rosalie leaves Inner Wharf at 5 p.m. Regardless of the weather

Assay Office and Chemical Laboratory, 25 Broad street. W. F. Best, assayer.

Plain chests to right of it, Packets to left of it. Caddies quite close to it. Invite attention. Holding the lead so well, Sure as a gun to sell, What use is there to tell "HONDI" we mention?

Half a block, half a block, Half a block from you, Your grocer dearly hopes To wait upon you.

With pleasure in his eye, He will not ask you why Your choice is pure "HONDI"—Good taste becomes you.

Remember that we thoroughly disinfect, Clean and Renovate Feather Beds and Pillows, and you can save money by calling on us. Works 119 Port Street, corner Blanchard. Satisfaction assured. B. DEACON, Proprietor.

Campaign Results.—If you wagged a hat on the result of the recent political contest, come or send the winner where he can get the largest assortment, the newest styles and the best values. He will get a comfortable, becoming hat if you direct him to George R. Jackson, 57 Government street.

Assay Office and Chemical Laboratory, 25 Broad street. W. F. Best, assayer.

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DO NOT TAKE PURGATIVES

Other than those recommended
by the Medical Profession.

For List of HOSPITALS and PHYSICIANS using and
recommending

"APENTA"

Hungarian Natural
Aperient Water,

Address United Agency Co., Fifth Ave., New York.

Sole Agents of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London.

Dr. Kendall

In England

His Mysterious Disappearance
From Vancouver Four Years
Ago Is Cleared Up.

The C. P. N. Offer—Thieves
In Vancouver—Lacrosse
For Australia.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 29.—In 1894 Dr. William Kendall arrived in Vancouver with an invalid aunt. He was reputed to be worth over \$1,000,000. He had not been in the city many months before he engaged in business, purchasing the large stone quarry which now supplies stone to Vancouver.

On April 14, 1896, Dr. Kendall suddenly disappeared. So completely did he vanish that the theory was held by many in Vancouver that he had committed suicide or had been done away with.

Dr. Kendall's invalid aunt sent to New York for Pinkerton detectives to un-
fathom for her the strange mystery sur-
rounding her nephew's disappearance.

To the detectives, who were formerly associated with Mr. Kendall in business here, was one of those who did not believe his former partner was dead, and after working four years on the case, his suspicions had been confirmed.

This week Mr. Clarke received a cable from the chief of police of Worthing, England, concerning that Kendall had been boarding for some time in that town with his invalid aunt. This news is further confirmed by a letter from Mr. Harry Cotton, formerly of Vancouver, who writes that he saw Kendall on the streets of London.

The committee chosen by the Board of Trade to consider the offer of the C.P.N. Company, regarding the establishment of a line of steamers between Vancouver and Skagway, have decided to request the C.P.N. Company to fill in the details lacking in the original proposition; such as the exact amount of interest the city is asked to guarantee, and the cost and place of the new steamer which it is proposed to build for the route, etc.

A gang of day light robbers, thought to be from Seattle, are successfully operating in the city. Robberies of money, watches and jewellery have been of frequent occurrence, and the crooks are operating with much skill. As usual the police are trying to keep the matter quiet and assuming an air of great mystery; but they have the case in hand and the citizens of Vancouver are hoping and praying that they may round up the dangerous gang. In the meantime householders have not even been warned by the police to keep their doors and windows safely locked and leave some one always at home, for Seattle crooks are very partial to empty houses.

H. H. Allingham, who has interested himself for the past year in endeavoring to arrange for the tour of a Canadian lacrosse team through Australia, although disappointed at the lack of enthusiasm and the scant encouragement he is receiving in Canada, although by every steamship he receives entreaties from the different Australian lacrosse associations to hurry matters along. Mr. Allingham has now written to the Montreal and Toronto lacrosse associations placing the whole

situation before them at great length, and assuring these associations that unless they help him, it is altogether likely the proposition will fall through, from lack of support and consequently lack of funds. The replies from Montreal and Toronto will decide the question. The Australian colonies guarantee \$200 towards the expenses of the Canadian team, which is scarcely one-third of what the actual expenses would be.

An effort is being made here to establish a training ship for boys.

Col. Falkland Warren, in speaking of the proposed new prison and training school here, stated to-day that this matter had been spoken of so frequently before, without coming to anything, that it was not well to be too confident. There was one sure thing—if the government sent 100 recruits to Vancouver, they would have to build a barracks to put them in, and when operations had been commenced on the barracks they may expect the establishment of the military post.

A number of officers of the Duke of Cornwall's Own expressed themselves similarly, and all of them were in favor of the proposition. One officer stated that if the idea was to move the Royal Canadian company from Victoria to this city, they did not want it. No good would obtain, and it was a small affair to make a fuss about.

Mr. T. Cunningham, collector of votes for the province, has handed Vancouver's provincial voters' list to the government printers. It contains 5,719 names, or 77,067 words. These names had to be written six times by the collector's staff.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—
Try The Colonist "Want Column,"
1 cent, 1 word, 1 issue.

LOCAL NEWS.

Baseballers Entertain.—The smoking concert held by the Victoria Baseball Club at the Eagles' hall in the Adelphi block last night was a great success. The hall was crowded by the baseballers and their friends. A capital entertainment was given, including boxing matches, dances, songs, and instrumental selections.

From the North.—Mike King, of this city, who has a sawmill at Cariboo Crossing, was a passenger to Seattle on the steamer Dolphin, which arrived from Skagway on Wednesday. The Dolphin brought \$12,000 in gold from Atlin. George White Fraser, who delimitated the boundary line between this province and the Northwest Territories, was also a passenger, together with his wife. They came over from the Sound city yesterday and are registered at the Briard.

St. Barnabas Ladies' Aid.—The president, on behalf of the Ladies' Aid, desires to thank the officers and members of the Willing Helpers, senior and junior, and the many friends of St. Barnabas church who kindly helped to make the recent sale of goods so successful. The work of the younger society deserves special mention, and the ladies are very gratified to see the keen interest and to know the substantial aid the young members can give. Thanks are also due to those who helped to make the entertainment so pleasing and enjoyable on each evening, and to the members of the Cecilia orchestra, who so willingly gave their services.

Elected Officers.—Last evening's meeting of Dominion Lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F., was a most interesting one. In the first place, it was election night, the following officers being elected for the ensuing term: Rev. E. G. Miller, N. G.; W. B. Shakespeare, V. G.; T. Bamford, Secretary; P. A. Babington, Treasurer. Vancouver Encampment, No. 1, paid an official visit to the lodge, and at the close of the session were suitably entertained by the refreshments, songs and speeches. The question of erecting a ward at the Jubilee hospital for members of secret societies was brought up and endorsed by those present; and attention was directed to the series of lectures being given in A. O. U. W. hall on Friday evening of each week in aid of this worthy object.

Better Than Ever.—Despite that great conspirator, the weather, which has so much to do with the attendance at any theatrical performance, the Savoy has been crowded to the doors nightly, and justly so, for the management have certainly outdone themselves in presenting an entertainment of the like of which has never been seen in Victoria before. To hear dainty Agnes Treed sing is sufficient in itself to repay any person's admission fee. In fact, the Savoy proprietors are offering their patrons a combination of circus, opera and spectacle—something that will please all classes. To enable the little folks and ladies to have a glimpse of this show, the managers have engaged the A. O. U. W. hall for the winter season, where the performance will be given in its entirety each Saturday afternoon. Tickets are on sale at Fletcher Bros.' music store. This is due to the previous rush for seats.

Law Reports, Sheet Music, Magazine, &c., &c., bound by first-class workmen at The Colonist Bindery, at cost for similar work in the East. Give us a trial.

Pearson, the murderer of Annie Griffin, at Hamilton, will be executed December 7, the petition to commutation to life imprisonment being refused.

The Elder Dempster mail steamer Lake Maccanet reached Halifax on Wednesday, after a tempestuous passage. Twelve hours after leaving Queenstown she encountered a severe storm and later the clutch of the rudder broke, rendering the steamer helpless, delaying her two days. The third day a rudder broke, and the steamer had to be turned around in order to repair the break. At this time the steamer was 130 miles from Cape Race, Newfoundland. After repairs the steamer made slow progress, making only forty miles some days.

To Be Closed
For Repairs

Craigflower Bridge to Receive
Attention at Hands of the
Government.

Appointments Made Public in
Yesterday's Issue of the
Gazette.

The bridge crossing Victoria Arm at Craigflower will be closed after Monday next for repairs, a notice to that effect having been published in last evening's issue of the Gazette.

Notice is also given in the Gazette of the appointment of G. A. Rendell of Elliot, S. McCartney of Saanich, and W. H. Cooper of Grand Forks, as justices of the peace for the province; Charles Harrison, of Masset, Queen Charlotte Islands, to be a stipendiary magistrate for the county of Vancouver; Frank S. Murray, of Victoria, to be sergeant of provincial police, vice W. R. Atkins; Paul Harvey Marshall, of Ladysmith, to be a notary public for the province; Earle Jennings Scovell, of Windermere, S. M., to be a registrar under the Marriage Act for the Windermere mining division; William Fleet Robertson, of Victoria, provincial mineralogist, to be member of the Geographic Board of Canada, to represent the province; and A. McLeod to be a deputy mining recorder at Fernie.

The amendments to the rules and regulations under the Farmers' Institutes and Co-operation Act, and the new regulations of the Geographic Board of Canada, are published for general information. La Societe D'Etudes de la Colombie Britannique, Ltd., a mining and exploration company of London, with a provincial office at Nelson, with Lucien Weyl as attorney, has been licensed to carry on business in British Columbia. The British Columbia Record, Ltd., the Nelson Power Company, Ltd., Royston Gold Mines, Ltd., and Silver Belt Mining Company, Ltd., have been incorporated.

At the next session of the legislature Messrs. Macdonald and Heisterman will apply for an act to incorporate the Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting & Power Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Robertson & Robertson for the incorporation of a company to build a railway from Vancouver to Grand Forks.

D. L. Belletton, of Moyle, and Percy Dankerley, of Trail, have assigned. R. H. Houtz, of Seattle, has been appointed attorney for the Yorkshire Guarantee Securities Corporation.

Sporting News.

SEATTLE VICTORIOUS.

Wins Basketball Contest From James Bay Team Yesterday Evening.

The basketball contest at Seattle yesterday evening between the James Bay team and the Seattle Athletic Club resulted in a win for the latter by a score of 15 to 12. The game was a hotly-contested one.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

Teams Will Not Go to Vancouver to Play Next Week.

Owing to several other attractions in sporting circles, and also to the fact that the Victoria team are not going to Vancouver on December 8, the game scheduled for Saturday at the Caledonia grounds has been cancelled. The members of the Victoria club are somewhat disappointed in not being able to go to Vancouver on December 8, as they have been practising for the same and were looking forward to a hard game. The game for the Hall challenge cup will also be postponed, and in all probability will be run for on the first occasion of the Victoria team playing at the Caledonia grounds. Entries for the race will be extended until December 6. All desiring to compete must send their names in to the secretary on or before that date.

LADIES' HOCKEY MATCH.

Victoria and Vancouver to Meet at the Oak Bay Grounds on Saturday.

The B. C. Electric Railway Company will give an extra service for the convenience of the ladies attending the ladies' hockey match between Vancouver and Victoria on Saturday next. All Fort street cars will connect with Oak Bay cars. The teams are as follows:

Victoria—Misses C. Davis, W. Wilson, M. Mason, E. Runt, M. Lowe, forwards; E. Davis, J. Schofield (capt.), E. Read, half backs; L. Wilson, A. Williams, full backs; Hartnagle, goal, and Earle, reserve.

Vancouver—Misses Philpot (capt.), Sally Taylor, Campion, Boul, J. Boucher, M. Bower, B. Lawson, M. Lawson, de Wolf, Selwyn and Mrs. Jeffries.

On Tuesday evening the visitors will be entertained at a ball at the Hotel Dallas.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Victorias and Columbias Will Play Practice Game at Beacon Hill.

To-morrow afternoon at Beacon Hill, the Victorias and the Columbias will play the first game this season against each other. Both teams have been looking forward for several weeks to this match, which no doubt will be very closely contested.

The following will represent Victoria: Goal, Wilson; backs, Fowler, Schwenagers; half backs, Johnson, W. Lorimer and Rutherford; forwards, York, Campbell, S. Lorimer, Noot and Simpson.

The Columbias will be represented by: Goal, Gould; Nesbitt and Bunting, half backs; Nesbitt, York and Ricket, full backs; Lawson, Wilson, Berkeley, Fells and Wilson, forwards; J. Hart, Flesman.

Before the senior match, the South Park and Central schools teams will meet in the junior series match. The teams are:

South Park School—Goal, Nelson Scott; backs, Laing and Thompson; half backs, Ireland, McAfee and Roskamp; forwards, Peden, Cullin, Finlaison, Fox and Todd; substitutes, W. Cullin and E. Fawcett.

Central School—Goal, W. Paterson; backs, R. W. Wilson and R. Gordon; half backs, L. Dickinson, C. Kinloch and B. Watson; forwards, J. Gibson, R. McInnes, A. Cleeg, W. Kelly and W. Kinloch; substitute, G. Carne.

VAN HORNE IN CUBA.

The Canadian Railway Magnate Tells
What His Syndicate Intends to Do.

Santiago de Cuba, Nov. 28.—The Cosmopolitan Club entertained Sir William Van Horne last evening at dinner, the occasion being the most brilliant that Santiago has known since the United States occupation began. All the prominent Americans and foreigners, with the consuls and principal Cuban officials, were present.

Col. Whiteside introduced the guest of the occasion, who talked long and seriously in explaining the purposes of the company of which he is the president. In the course of his speech he said:

"The company's purpose is to develop the resources of the eastern portion of Cuba. After my first visit to the island, during which I saw the possibilities for this investment, I saw that it would yield enormous profits. I returned to New York and had no difficulty in organizing a company in two days. We expect in the course of the next eighteen months to complete the projected railway from San Luis to Santa Clara, thus connecting Santiago and Havana by rail.

"Our idea is then to be liberal in the matter of local rates, because in this way we can the more rapidly develop the resources of the interior of the province. It is our intention to encourage the immigration of Spanish and other white laborers, and we will give land along the railroad to such immigrants, expecting in this way to promote the development of the interior.

"We have no intention whatever of disregarding the Foraker law, but are willing to take our chances as to future legislation of whatever form of government is established in Cuba.

"Our company is now operating without a franchise, but we are only building a railroad on our own lands, which would be within the right of any one." Civil Governor Castillo, in welcoming Sir William Van Horne, said: "You will find that Cuban land-owners are willing to meet the company more than half way; and I predict a rapid development of the provinces and success for the company."

Several prominent Americans, Cubans and Spanish merchants, representing the interests of the province, were in the undertaking. The projects of the Cuban Company in the matter of railway construction are approved by every reputable business house in the province.

A King For
United States

Descendant of the House of
Stewart Regarded as Right-
ful Heir.

Lingering Regret for Lost Royal-
ty Still Clings to Some
Americans.

From Montreal Star.

It may be something of a surprise to Canadians to learn that H. R. H. Robert, Duke of Cornwall, oldest son of Mary, Queen of Bavaria, who was recently married to H. H. Princess Marie Gabrielle of Bavaria, is regarded by some Americans as the rightful heir to the American throne. It may be also a surprise to learn that there are enough Americans with monarchical beliefs to warrant the publication of a magazine called the Royal Standard, the first number of which has just been issued in Boston.

Regarding the Duke of Cornwall, the Royal Standard says: "Americans, having no reason for any sentiment but those of gratitude and loyalty to the memory of the house of Stuart, under which they enjoyed the liberty which the intruded dynasty sought to take from them, should be able to unite in congratulating the good prince who would be today their prospective ruler had the American colonists acted in 1688 on the principles which inspired the men of 1776."

In explanation of this statement, the magazine says: "As all the documents concern in proving the colonies claimed always to have been independent of the crown, but to be perfectly loyal to the common sovereign. But on the principles the people of England could not, on any theory, have had the right to depose the sovereign of America, so when James II. was dethroned in England he remained King of America. It was only religious prejudice, doubtless, which led the colonies to acquiesce in this gross invasion of their liberties by the British Parliament, and to fail at the time of the Declaration of Independence, to summon the American royal family, to which we have never to this day disclaimed allegiance, to preside over the destinies of the united commonwealth. The result has been a federation of the colonies, of each of which Charles III. was then legally the head."

Writing on this subject, the Viscount de Frontac says:

"The question has frequently arisen: Is it unpatriotic in an American to be a Royalist? It is answered here, at least

123,000

people are killed every year in this country by CONSUMPTION. The fault is theirs. No one need have consumption. It is not hereditary. It is brought on by neglect. You do nothing to get rid of it.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

will cure a cough or cold in one night

Miss Boyle, a young lady of Simcoe, a school teacher and prominent socially, was rapidly taken to a decline from a cough. Was not expected to live. Her cough completely cured her. People in the vicinity are well acquainted with the facts in her case.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists in Canada and United States at 25c, 50c, \$1.00 a bottle. In Great Britain at 1s. 6d., 3s., 6s., 12s. 6d. a bottle. It is guaranteed good with every bottle. If you are not satisfied go to your druggist and get your money back.

Write for illustrated book on Consumption. Sent without cost to you. S. C. Wells & Co., Toronto.

to the satisfaction of the royalists. And these royalists who have right and studied the matter are imbued with the importance of its worth to the country, could not advocate the claims of McKinley or Bryan, or any of that ilk, so long as there is a legitimate royal dynasty of which the country may be proud, and which, relying on the entire people, is superior to the claims of contending factions and their vulgar demagogues. So is the tone of the Royal Standard. And now for the party:

"In 1778, according to Washington Irving, Sir Walter Scott declared to him that a letter had been received by Prince Charles Edward Stuart from some members of the Continental Congress of America, offering that if the Prince would come to America a majority of the congress, the colonial families of distinction and the leading people would support his pretensions to the Crown in America against the claims of the usurping dynasty represented by George Washington, who was then the champion of the American cause, offering that if the Prince would come to America a majority of the congress, the colonial families of distinction and the leading people would support his pretensions to the Crown in America against the claims of the usurping dynasty represented by George Washington, who was then the champion of the American cause, offering that if the Prince would come to America a majority of the congress, the colonial families of distinction and the leading people would support his pretensions 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Quality tells every time!
This fact explains why Blue
Ribbon Beryl is fast displacing
all other teas throughout Canada.

Conservation of Moisture-

(Remarkable Experiments in Kansas.)

From Minneapolis Journal.

Can science conquer drought? Can the normal irrigation of Mother Nature be so utilized and conserved as to restore to the farmer the millions of level acres stored with fertility which abound in the West, but which have heretofore been unavailable owing to the insufficiency of the annual rainfall?

These and other similar questions of imperative importance are suggested by the remarkable series of experiments in a new system of scientific farming which are now being pursued just outside Hill City, Kansas, by Prof. H. W. Campbell and J. P. Pomeroy.

The Pomeroy model farm is a new departure. Never before has there been a farm established by private enterprise on so large a scale, and under arrangements for a number of continuous years of operation for the sole purpose of proving to the public at large that successful farming can every year be carried on throughout Western Kansas and Nebraska. While general farm work is conducted, including stock-raising, yet the principal part of the work is that of raising general farm crops under the Campbell method of cultivation, also the raising of fruit, shade and ornamental trees.

It was in 1892 that Mr. Campbell first began to tell the farmers that they could avoid the ill effects of the usual dry periods by storing and conserving the natural rainfall in the soil by the Campbell method of tillage, and in that way conquer drought. The first news of this great discovery was received with many sneers and great skepticism, but, undaunted in opposition, Mr. Campbell kept experimenting, each year's experiment adding to his faith in the final outcome. Having begun his farming in Brown county, S. D., in 1880, he had, by careful observation during fifteen years of experience, become practically familiar with all the peculiarities of the soil and climate. In 1894, when throughout the West the crops failed by reason of the drought, Mr. Campbell raised over 4,000 bushels of choice early corn potatoes on the 32 acres of his South Dakota farm. Many adjoining fields were not dug at all.

Farming in Vermont was very different from what it is here, said Mr. Campbell, and if the Western farmer only appreciated his advantages over his Eastern brother, he would make a greater attempt to utilize them.

In 1897 I came West and located upon a farm in Brown county, South Dakota. During the following two years that region was filled up with pioneers. Many of them had had experience on Western farms in the adjacent states of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. They had been accustomed to farming in climates having greater rainfall. They brought with them, usually, tools, teams and methods common in the Central West. During several seasons, while the land was new, they raised excellent crops, but soon the droughts, to which the semi-arid belt is liable, set in and increased the destructive effects as the soil became drier and looser and weaker by successive cropping under ordinary methods of tillage.

In 1894 this tendency culminated in a general crop failure in Western Kansas, Nebraska and the Dakotas. The idea that there must be a feasible method of conserving the soil in the drought-stricken region dawned upon me, and I determined to find out all that could be known upon the subject. To this end I read, observed and followed every hint from nature or experience. Could I conquer these results, or must I leave that fertile soil to lie idle, and do nothing, and let crops go to seed? For fully five years I made little or no progress in my experiments. What seemed right one year was wrong the next year. But then I seemed to have hit upon an idea that was correct every year—that of packing the lower portion of a deep furrow slice with a protective soil. The result was a profound cultivation of the soil with a view to saving all the moisture which it receives, and making use of it for the plant life desired, will result in good crops the driest season and in the driest section of this Northwestern country. The injury done by drought is not by reason of no moisture, but because the moisture has been wasted. The remedy is simple and effective.

It is proved that a method of cultivation of the soil radically different from that now used in the valley of the Mississippi, owing to the different character of the soil and climate, will yield results that are so astonishing that men refuse to believe it until they have seen with their own eyes. The Campbell system consists of a complete re-arrangement and pulverizing of the top seven or eight inches of soil, and turning the same as nearly bottom upward as possible each year. Before plowing, the top three inches should be thoroughly pulverized and made as fine as possible by a fine use of the disc harrow. The next of the soil should be done as finely as possible after a crop is removed. It is so very important that no one can comprehend its value without a thorough trial and a knowledge of the results of this work.

The more completely each particle of the soil is separated from all other particles, the better. Then this finely fitted soil must be turned down into the bottom of a furrow six or seven inches deep. Immediately after plowing, the lower four inches of the furrow slice must be packed as firmly as possible with the surface packer, for four reasons, namely: First, to completely obliterate the surface of the soil, so that the air circulates under the plants and the ground dries out. It must not be permitted to do this.

To cause moisture to gather from four to eight inches from the surface. Why? Because the stubble and manure and other vegetable matter is there, and so water is necessary to rot it and fit it for the food of the crops. Unless this is done, the plants are robbed of their most valuable food.

To get the right conditions for rapid

root growth in the early part of the season. For this, a fine firm, moist soil must be had. The lower part of the furrow slice is the root bed, and must be kept in the right condition if we are to get a rapid, vigorous root growth. Healthy roots make healthy plants.

By packing the root bed we hold more moisture. More than this, the pores in the ground are made so small that the water creeps through the soil rapidly by the force called capillary attraction. Moisture is drawn more rapidly and from a greater distance. This gives the plant food and drink during the hot, dry periods, keeping them in a healthy growing condition, while plants otherwise situated would wither and die. Your crops never suffer at such times if there is plenty of moisture at the roots, but a shortage of water at that point may ruin the whole crop in a day.

After the deep plowing and sub-surface packing, the next important step is to go over the ground, either with a steel drag or an Acme harrow, to pulverize all surface lumps before they get too dry, thus forming a mulch of loose, dry soil. This mulch must be kept loose and dry to a depth of two or three inches.

Seven or eight inches plowing is best. Good even plowing is very important. It is very essential to have the exact depth; it must be measured and not guessed. Plowing should be done as early as possible, whether it be spring or fall. Fall plowing is preferable, and should be done as early as possible after the crop is removed. Always precede the plow with the disc harrow, as above stated, and the same day the crop is removed, if possible. The plowing may be delayed from one to three weeks, if necessary, but not the discing.

The packer should run as close to the plow as possible. The packer leaves the ground firm at the bottom of the furrow and loose at the top; this is as it should be, but a good shower will dissolve and settle down this surface mulch and make it firm. This surface of two or three inches must not be allowed to remain firm, or the moisture will soon all escape by evaporation. Especially is this true if the weather be hot or dry after the shower, therefore, after every rain of any magnitude, go over your plowed ground with a harrow to restore the soil mulch.

One or two cultivations should be given on the surface after the fall plowing before it freezes up, whether it rains or not. The moisture thus saved in the fall is a reserve to be drawn upon next season, and moisture in time of need is dollars to the farmer.

It must be remembered that four conditions must exist to obtain the best results. First—Good depth of plowing to increase the moisture reservoir. Second—A thoroughly fine and well-firmed subsurface to form a perfect root bed. Third—A constant and perfect top soil mulch to prevent the evaporation of moisture. Fourth—Undisturbed roots.

The following instructions for cultivating during the growing season apply to the cultivation of all crops and cereals. Go over the ground with the surface cultivator once in from four to ten days, gauged by the weather. Orchards should be deeply disced early every spring. Immediately after each rain, lose no time in restoring the mulch with the surface cultivator. In case of heavy rains cultivation should be delayed long enough for the free water to disappear, and until the soil will work up lightly, but delay no longer than is absolutely necessary, for it is immediately after a heavy rain that evaporation is most rapid. By careful tests as high as one quart of water has been obtained, and in 1897, in some careful soil work experiments, I raised 1,364 kernels of wheat from one kernel of seed, also eight ears of corn from one kernel. If this remarkable yield can be obtained from one kernel of wheat and corn, why not the same ratio of increase from one kernel of wheat or corn? It is possible and only requires proper tillage to accomplish it.

Hear the Waterman Sisters, the True Ragtime Singers, matinee, A. O. U. W. hall, Saturday afternoon.

"What profession does your friend follow?"
"That of the light-fingered gentry."
"Yes; he's a tective."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Yeast—I thought you told me your wife didn't know what fear was?
Crimes—No I did.
"Well, my wife heard her scream when she saw a mouse the other day."
"Oh, well, that wasn't fear; it was nervousness."—Yonkers Statesman.

"What's got hold of Chimie?"
"He's stuck up," caused Fitzsimmons conversed with him.

"What did Fitz say?"
"What, Chimie sez to Fitz, he sez, 'Do you want to buy de last edition?' he sez, and Fitz, he sez, 'No, he sez.'"—Chicago News.

YOUR BEST WORK
Cannot be done unless you have good health. You cannot have good health without pure blood. You may have pure blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now. You cannot realize the good it will do you until you begin taking it today and see how quickly it will give you an appetite, strength and vigor, and cure your rheumatism, catarrh or scrofula.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills, 25c.

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TORONTO MINING QUOTATIONS.

(Published by A. W. More & Co.)

Toronto, Nov. 29.—The closing quotations to-day were as follows:

	Asked.	Bid.
Athabasca	5.25	4.50
B. C. Gold Fields	3 1/4	2 1/2
Black Tail	12	9
Brudenell	8 1/4	4
Butte and Boston	3	2
Canadian G. F. S.	8 1/2	8
Cariboo McKinney	69	65
Cariboo Hydraulic	1 1/4	1 1/4
Centre Star	1.50	1.42
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	54.00	51.00
California	6	3 1/4
Evolution	25	24
Evolution Star	7	5
Fairview Corp.	2 1/4	2 1/2
Golden Star	3 1/2	3
Giant	2 1/2	2 1/2
Iron Horse	30	20
Jim Blaine	8	4
King	7	4
Knob Hill	60	40
Longview	1 1/4	1 1/4
Monte Christo Con.	3	1
Montreal Gold Fields	3	1
Montreal and London	7	4
Morning Glory	8	4
Morrison	3	2 1/2
Noble Five	5	2
North Star	1.00	9
Norvelly	1 1/4	1 1/4
Old Ironsides	70	35
Oliver	15	7 1/2
Payne	80 1/2	75
Payne-Maud	254	254
Rambler Cariboo Con.	63 1/2	61 1/2
Republic	7	7
Slocan Sovereign	26	26
Waggon Road	1.01	97
Waterloo	3 1/4	2 1/2
White Bear	3	2 1/2
Whitney	4	2

DEER TRAIL—500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 3 1/4.

Golden Star—2,500 at 3 1/4.

Payne—1,000 at 8 1/2 (wd).

Payne—2,000 at 8 1/2 (wd).

Hammond Reef—2,000 at 1 1/4.

Payne—500 at 80.

Rambler Cariboo—2,000 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

White Bear—500 at 2 1/2.

Fairview—1,000 at 3 1/4.

Hammond Reef—500 at 1 1/4; 500 at 1 1/4.

Golden Star—1,000 at 3 1/4; 500 at 3 1/4.

Payne—1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

Payne—1,000 at 3 1/4; 1,000 at 3 1/4; 500 at 3 1/4.

Rambler Cariboo—500 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2.

1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2.

500 at 2 1/2.

Fairview—500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

280 at 2 1/2.

AFTERNOON SALES.

Hammond Reef—500 at 1 1/4; 500 at 1 1/4.

Golden Star—1,000 at 3 1/4; 500 at 3 1/4.

Payne—1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

Payne—1,000 at 3 1/4; 1,000 at 3 1/4; 500 at 3 1/4.

Rambler Cariboo—500 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2.

1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2; 1,000 at 2 1/2.

500 at 2 1/2.

Fairview—500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2; 500 at 2 1/2.

280 at 2 1/2.

TALES OF TRANSPORTS.

Biscuits Dated 1870 and Meat Twenty seven Years Old—Men Overcrowded.

From the London Times.

The siege train ordered from South Africa to China arrived in Capetown on July 16, embarked on board the hired transport Antelope of Liverpool, on the 18th, and were employed night and day loading the stores and heavy ammunition until July 21; waited another day for some men coming down country to work the Vicker-Maxims. We eventually left Capetown for China on the morning of July 23, arrived in Singapore on August 14, and then, on the 16th for Hongkong, in which harbor we arrived on the morning of August 22, unloaded some ammunition, and took on provisions. Left the latter place on the 26th and arrived at Wei-hai-wei on August 30.

The food given us was bad and insufficient. We had bread and biscuits every alternate day—these were issued in the morning and were used for breakfast and tea, (or supper)—dry bread, and tea without milk as usual. The bread was black, sour and heavy, the biscuits naturally hard and very oily. The biscuits bore date of 1870, consequently they were thirty years old, and some of them bore even an earlier date. Well, for dinner we had a few changes of meat, nearly twice each week we had fresh meat. Our fare on other days was either salt pork, tinned meat, or salt beef. The latter was simply abominable. It is kept in rough-looking tubs and was dated 1873. This then was twenty-seven years old. Perhaps three or four times per week we would have a table-spoonful of rice to dinner, or the same quantity of preserved potatoes, and a very few times during the voyage we had only ordinary potatoes. Twice per week we had a sort of plum pudding. This though, however, was edible. There were some days each week on which we had nothing for dinner except the meat itself. The biscuits were always thrown overboard. The same fate invariably befell the salt junk, which we could not possibly eat.

"As an instance of our treatment, I will quote an incident. As a rule an orderly comes around each day to ask if there are any complaints. On the day in question the salt junk was simply putrid. The officer came around as usual and asked if there were any complaints about food. The messes all made complaints. I took notice of one mess in particular where the following dialogue took place:

"Officer—Any complaints.
"N. C. O.—Yes, sir.
"Officer—What's the matter?
"N. C. O.—This meat is in a state of decomposition.

"Officer (sniffing it)—It's good enough.
"N. C. O.—Why, the smell of it is enough for any one without ever attempting to eat it.

"Officer (sulkily)—It strikes me you know nothing about it.
"The steward, purser, doctor, and captain of the day were then brought down to examine it. The steward sniffed it and pronounced it good, as did also the purser. Then the doctor, after some hesitation, suggested cutting parts of it off, and said it would then be eatable. One gunner, a mess orderly, replies: 'You say it's good. Well, I have been on the

C.P.R. ENTERS LADYSMITH! C.P.R. ENTERS LADYSMITH! C.P.R. ENTERS LADYSMITH!

This is an accomplished fact, and many other things will happen in the near future to the help of up Ladysmith, which is surely destined to be one of the most flourishing cities in British Columbia. A chance like this for investment does not occur once in 20 years. Recollect

Vancouver and Seattle

When first they started up, were you lucky enough to buy them? You can in Ladysmith to-day.
Price of lots, \$100 to \$350. Terms, one-third cash; balance 6 and 12 months at 6 per cent.

THOMAS KITCHIN, Head Agency, LADYSMITH

march in South Africa on a biscuit a day, and even at the worst if I was starving I would have lain down in a ditch and died rather than attempt to eat it if you had offered it me." However, it was thrown overboard, and we did not receive anything in lieu thereof.

"Is it possible, if the meat had been at all eatable, that the men would have thrown it overboard, and preferred going without any when the rations allowed them were so meagre? The fact of an orderly coming round asking if there were any complaints became daily a process of unmeaning customary formality, from which we could obtain no redress for our grievances. Just fancy receiving such treatment after being seven months on the veldt in South Africa. We did not grumble at our short rations in the first place, we knew the transport was difficult, but on board a ship, and going on another expedition, when we knew it was possible, we expected better.

"Some may ask what we did on the days when we threw the salt junk away. Simply this. On the days on which we were supplied with tinned meat, we used only one-third of our allowance, retaining the remaining two-thirds in our possession for the days on which we knew the bad stuff was coming. Afterwards, when an officer came round we told him we would make no complaints, but that we would not eat the meat. This was when the bad stuff was given us.

"At Hongkong we were not allowed ashore after being nearly six weeks on board with insufficient exercise, and, as if to crown all, our comrades belonging to the companies stationed in Hongkong prepared a good supper for us, obtained permission from the general commanding the station that we could land and partake of it, and we were ordered to do so when we found that privilege annulled by the officer commanding the siege train in the Antelope, ordering that we should not be allowed to leave the ship to enjoy the supper with our friends.

But our comrades on shore, not to be outdone, prepared the supper, carried it from barracks down to the water, engaged a sampan, (small boat), conveyed it to our ship, and a few of them carried it on board to us. We consumed it on the fore-castle, the men declaring it to be the best meal they had had for nine months—viz., since leaving England.

"The accommodation was also limited; two-thirds of the ship was reserved for the officers and sergeants, who numbered in all about fifty, roughly, and one-third for the rank and file, numbering about 500, and who have the fore part of the ship allotted them, with nowhere to sit or lie down during the day except on the deck, and at night on the floor. We are also prevented from purchasing fruit from the small boats that come alongside; the latter are ordered away. Sentries are also placed on duty for the express purpose of preventing us looking over the side of the ship. In fact, the men are being treated as if they were little better than dogs instead of human beings, and this by their officers. And this is a unit of that 'British Army' they are so fond of holding up to the remainder of the world as a model.

It will only be just to say that since arrival in Hongkong harbor, and thence during the voyage to Wei-hai-wei our food has been better in quantity and quality."

CAREER OF ST. ANDREW.

Saint Whose Natal Day Scotsmen Celebrate the World Over.

In every quarter of the globe Scotsmen are to-day celebrating the natal day of St. Andrew, Scotland's patron saint. Here in Victoria the members of the St. Andrew's & Caledonian Society will, as they have done annually for many years, gather around the banquetting board at the Hotel Diarrid and honor the day.

St. Andrew was born in Bithsaida of Galilee in the year 4, it is supposed, of the Christian era. He was a brother of Simon Peter, who afterwards became the Roman Catholic church, the prince of the Apostles and the head of the church. Andrew was at one time a disciple of St. John the Baptist, and it is evident that the latter prepared him for the advent of the Messiah, whose apostle he was to be. The first meeting of Christ with Andrew was in the Jordan, where he was baptized by the latter. Andrew is graphically portrayed in the gospels. On that occasion Andrew introduced his brother and they passed a day with Jesus, afterwards accompanying him to the marriage feast at Cana. At the close of the festivities they returned to their homes and ordinary occupations. Some months afterwards Jesus, meeting them while they were both fishing together, called them to Him and promised to make them fishers of men. They thereupon left their nets and followed Him. Tradition assigns Scythia, Greece and Thracia as the scenes of St. Andrew's ministry. He is said to have suffered martyrdom by crucifixion at Patrae in Achaia, on a cross of the form called crux decussata.

WANTS—1 cent. 4 word, 1 issue—The Daily Colonist.

BEN WILLIAMS & CO. Stock Brokers and Commission Agents.

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We are prepared as YOUR AGENTS, to place orders on the New York Stock and Produce Exchanges for Canadian or American Railway and Industrial Stocks; and for Wheat, Corn or Pork orders for delivery on margin. We quote over leased wires through Messrs. Downin, Hopkins & Co., of Portland, Ore., and Messrs. E. Lobdell & Co., New York Stock Exchange. You are invited to our offices, 44 Port Street, and 10 Broad Street, where continuous telegraphic quotations on the leading Stocks and from the New York Grain Market are to be seen. Quotations received between 7 a.m. and 12:30 p.m.

PIONEER TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

WHOLESALE. The Vancouver Agency Limited. VANCOUVER, B. C.

and commonly known as St. Andrew's cross. In shape it resembled a multiple cut mark. His relics were afterwards removed from Patrae to Constantinople. An apocryphal book, bearing the title of "The Acts of Andrew," is mentioned by Eusebius, Epiphanius and others of the early fathers. It is now completely lost and seems never to have been received except by such sects as the Encratites, Origenians, etc. This book, as well as the gospel of St. Andrew, were declared apocryphal by a decree of Pope Gelasius.

St. Andrew has been the patron saint of Scotland from the early history of that country. He is also regarded in a similar light by the people of Russia, who still fly the St. Andrew's flag, the only difference between that and the Scottish flag being that the former consists of a blue St. Andrew's cross on a white field, while the latter is made up of a white St. Andrew's cross on a blue field. The last named is incorporated in the British Jack.

A GOOD STOMACH

Is essential to health and happiness, but don't blame the stomach for biliousness. It is the liver that is deranged, and causes poisonous bile to remain in the system, causing indigestion, headache and irregular action of the bowels. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills regulate the liver, kidneys and bowels, and by their direct action on these organs effect prompt and lasting cures of kidney ailments. One pill a dose, 25 cents a biliousness, dyspepsia, headache and all box, at all dealers.

It takes two to make a quarrel. She—Yes; and it is necessary that both should have more than a feeling of indifference for each other.—Chicago News.

"Here, young man," said the old lady with fire in her eye: "I've brung back this thermometer you sold me."
"What's the matter with it?" asked the clerk.

"It ain't reliable. One time ye look at it is says one thing, and the next time it says another."—Catholic Standard and Times.

10c. MAGAZINES

When bound, make handsome but inexpensive volumes. Send your Magazines, Sheet-Music, etc., to The Colonist and have them made up into something beautiful and in permanent form. Postage rates place the facilities of THE COLONIST BINDERY at the disposal of country magazine owners as readily as if living in town. Try it. A postal card will bring you particulars.

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MORTGAGE SALE

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned until the 4th day of December, 1900, for the purchase of that parcel of land described as Lot 8 of Block 1, as shown on a plan filed in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., and numbered 302a, and which said lot is a subdivision of Lots 50 and part of 57 (Map No. 19) and subdivisions 1 to 15, inclusive, and is situated in the City of Victoria, B. C., being part of Sections 29-30 Victoria District, and now enclosed within the limits of Victoria City, together with the water story dwelling and other outbuildings situated thereon.

Mortgage registered 25th October, 1891, in Charge Book Vol. 13, Folio 315, No. 788.

Any person or persons not necessarily charged.

SWINERTON & ODDY.

Agents for the Mortgage.

106 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

BUREAU OF PROVINCIAL INFORMATION.

In order that the Government may be in possession of definite information regarding the various industries and occupations of the Province, I am instructed to invite in person or by mail, those who have properties for sale, and who may feel disposed to forward such particulars to this office for the purpose in question.

In view of the proposed early re-organization of the Agent General's Office in London, England, the desirability of having on file a list of farms and other properties for sale, with full and accurate details,

FOR RENT

Modern eight roomed dwelling, on Upper Pandora Avenue, \$25.00. Two story house on Perry street, \$10.00. Two stores, Corner Yates and Blanchard Streets. Good, small Cottage, Hulton Street, Oak Bay Avenue. First class Hall, and Rooms over Stores, Corner Government and Pandora Streets.

Pemberton & Son
45 Fort Street.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, Nov. 29.—8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.
The barometer remains high over the Western States, and has risen in the Territories, while off Vancouver Island and in Cariboo it is comparatively low. Rain is falling on the Washington Coast, and Barterville reports snow. From the Rockies eastward to Manitoba the weather remains fine and springlike.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	44	50
New Westminster	40	48
Kamloops	30	44
Barterville	20	38
Winnipeg	14	32
Portland, Ore.	44	54
San Francisco, Cal.	48	58

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m.—(Pacific time)—
Friday:
Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh winds, mostly east and south; unsettled and mild, with occasional showers.
Lower Mainland: Winds, mostly easterly; mild, with occasional rains.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.
Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

	Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m.	44	Mean
Noon	49	Highest
5 p.m.	46	Lowest

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m. Calm.
5 p.m. 8 miles east.
5 p.m. 4 miles northeast.
Average state of weather—Cloudy and foggy.
Barometer at noon—Observed.....30.62
Corrected.....30.615
Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected.....30.61

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected.....30.61

PASSENGERS.

By steamer Utopia from the Sound:
T. J. Stillman
Mrs. J. Stillman
J. Sehl
W. Jones
E. T. Brittingham
Miss Miller
Miss Ervin
Mrs. Johnson
Master Johnson
A. R. Langley
Capt. Malden
S. J. Conklin
R. J. Burns
Mrs. Beck
Mrs. Faherty
E. Maxwell
Mrs. Maxwell

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:
Miss Leslie
W. P. Walker
B. Dongour-Jouty
R. M. Simmons
Mrs. A. Johnson
J. Jamieson
F. McConnell
J. A. Kennel
S. C. Mathew
Mrs. D. McKee
E. L. Munter
Mrs. Foote

By steamer Rosalie from the Sound:
G. W. Fraser
Mrs. G. W. Fraser
M. A. Gould
E. W. Davis
T. W. Burke
F. H. Griffiths
J. W. Grace
Master Grace
E. F. Busby
M. Kling
Jas. Koan
N. Spencer
A. M. Stevens
W. A. Allen
R. J. Forsythe
J. Thomas
John Flynn
R. Reiter
E. Williams
H. J. Gooden
T. Faust
C. Storey

By steamer Warrimoo from Sydney:
Lord Dunmore
Miss Almy
P. B. Bourne
Lord Osborne
D. B. Hall
Rev. Dr. Whittier
Mrs. Whittier
Mrs. Leck and child
P. A. Harris
W. Allen
Mrs. F. Smith
J. Williamson
Mrs. Williamson

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Utopia from the Sound:
Thomas Earle
Fletcher Bros.
H. Mansell
S. Lettice & Co.
Weller Bros.

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:
R. P. Rithet & Co.
Thomas Earle
R. R. Bayne
E. R. Bayne & Co.
Henderson Bros.
Fell & Co.
H. Gray
H. H. Michael
Turner, B. & Co.
D. C. Chunngranes
Jno. Tollich
H. H. Michael
Hon. Lee
W. & J. Wilson

By steamer Rosalie from the Sound:
B. K. Milling Co.
Johns Bros.
Nicholson & Co.
W. Rowness
J. Y. Griffin & Co.

Above all things don't become a drunkard; use whiskey moderately and use the best. Jesse Moore "AA" is the purest and best.

BULBS

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, JUST ARRIVED.
10 cases rare Lilies from Japan, including Anatum Monstrous Bulbs, Kretzer, Speciosum Rubrum, Melpomene, Single and Double Tiger Lilies and many others. IN-VENTARIST NURSERY, E. A. Wallace.

For Sale By Mortgagees

City Property.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the leasehold building and premises part 100 feet 40 ft. of lot 601, Victoria City, situated at the corner of Pandora Street and Government Street for the residue of the term of forty years from October 24, 1890, subject to the terms of the lease. Tenders are to be sent to the undersigned before the 15th day of December, 1900. No tender necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply to
PEMBERTON & SON,
Agents for the Mortgagees.
23rd November, 1900.

SALES BY THE GUTHBERT-BROWNE COMP'Y, LD. LEADING AUCTIONEERS.

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10 KINGSTON STREET, JAMES BAY.
We are favored with instructions from the Rev. A. B. Winchester to sell by Auction at his residence, as above, on THURSDAY, DEC. 6, at 11 a.m. the whole of his valuable FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
Particulars later.
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Xmas Presents AUCTION

Of Rare JAPANESE CHINA, BRONZES, BAMBOO GOODS, ETC., on TUESDAY, DEC. 4, at 11 a.m. and 2 p.m., by order of
T. S. Fletcher, Esq.,
Who must reduce his present stock, to make room for other goods.
DEC. 4, at 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Particulars Sunday morning.
THE GUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.
Leading Auctioneers.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale, at the residence of the Cuthbert-Browne Company, Ltd., at 34 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C., at 11 a.m. on the 14th day of December, 1900, the following property, situate in the City of Victoria, namely—Lot 14, Block A, Constance Cove Farm, Map No. 105, Esquimalt District. This property is on the west side of the Esquimalt Street, and contains a two and a half story frame dwelling.
This is an excellent property, and well worth the attention of those seeking a home.
Terms of sale: 10 per cent of purchase money to be paid at time of sale, and the balance within 30 days thereafter. For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to the Cuthbert-Browne Co., Ltd., Victoria, B. C., or to Macdonnell, McMaster & Gear, 51 Yonge Street, Toronto, Solicitors for Mortgagees.

A COMING EVENT.

Bazaar, Tableaux and Concert to Be Given by the Ladies of the Reformed Church.

Full particulars are here announced of the long-looked-for bazaar and entertainment to be given by the ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church at Millharmonic hall on Wednesday and Thursday next.

As already intimated, the programme is under the distinguished patronage of Sir Henri and Lady Joly de Lotbiniere; Col. Grant, R. E., and Mrs. Grant; Capt. Fleet, R. N., and Mrs. Fleet; United States Consul Smith and Mrs. Smith; His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Hayward; and the sale will be opened on Wednesday at 3:30 p.m. by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

Afternoon tea will be served on both days, and a programme of music, tableaux, recitations, fancy drill and other attractions will be given each evening at 8 o'clock.

It is the intention of the society to provide luncheon on Thursday, between 12 and 2 o'clock, at 25 cents per head, children half price, and all are invited to come. The above hours are arranged especially for the convenience of business men, who, having been fortunate enough to be present at similar functions in former years, will of course be glad to take advantage of the opportunity of another visit to the tempting board.

To give intending purchasers and friends an inkling as to what will be offered for sale, a short peep behind the scenes is here permitted. There will be gaily decorated stands, one showing flowers, all sorts of cut and potted; another, fancy and plain work at moderate prices, guaranteed to afford satisfaction in artistic and skilled workmanship, amongst other things, table cozies, table centres, pin cushions, table cloths, quilts, aprons, men's dressing gowns, stiffs, dollys, lavender sachets. A table well covered with home-made and candy will doubtless do a rushing and profitable trade. An important feature will be a display of dolls, big and small, black and white, dressed in gorgeous array and coats of many colors, calculated to excite the admiration of all the little ones, as well as their older friends and guardians, who may be in search of these indispensable presents at the Christmas season. Another table will be devoted to paper work, such as lamp shades and other pretty designs of this kind.

In response to widespread request, orders have been placed with a leading photographer for a large supply of photographs, in two sizes, of the Right Rev. Bishop Cridge. It goes without saying that everyone who does not already possess a copy will seize the opportunity of procuring one on Wednesday.

There will also be a stand for baby wear. It has just leaked out that the services of a well-known artist, with a competent staff of assistants, have been spoken for, and photos will be taken at the nominal rate of 10 cents each, or 12 for \$1. Proof will be ready while you wait, or wander in and out amongst the other booths.

A fair pool, now in course of construction, will be ready for Wednesday's festivities, but its contents may not be published in advance.

Not the least of the pleasures for sale will be a coal scuttle concealing small parcels of precious metal, being products of the mine.
All patrons and friends are requested to remember the dates of the bazaar, luncheon and concert, and to look out for special advertisements connected with the foregoing.

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On our own premises, No. 73 Yates Street, 2 p.m. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 4th.
Very desirable and well kept
FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
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Comprising: HANDSOME WALNUT PARLOR SET, IN PLUSH; Oak Tables, Rockers and Chairs; Sofa; Bamboo Whatnot; Oak Tapestry Screen; CHENILLE LACE CURTAINS AND POLES; Vases; Pictures; In Sets; Pile and Brussels Carpets; Ash Dining Ex. Table, and Oak Chairs; BEDROOM SUITE, IN OAK; 2 Ash Bedroom Suits; A Box and Wool Mattresses; Pillows, Blankets and Bed Case; Toilet Sets; Crockery; Glassware; Cook Stove and Heaters; Refrigerators; Meat Safes, etc., etc. Terms Cash.
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Tel. 294.

Frightened Frenchmen

How Fashoda Fort came to Be Built on the Island of Tahiti.

Two Voyagers From the South Seas Talk of Their Tour.

Among the passengers of the R. M. S. Warrimoo were Lord Osborne and Mr. Douglas Hall, two Englishmen who are returning to London from an extended tour through the Polynesian group. They reached San Francisco ten months ago, and sailed thence for the Southern Pacific groups. Passage was taken from the Golden Gate in the barkentine Tropic Bird, which was 30 days on the voyage. Her arrival at the islands, which the French have called the Paradise of the Pacific, Mr. Hall said, caused no small amount of consternation—and all on account of the big black headlines on an article in a San Francisco paper—the yellowest on the Coast—which was carried to Tahiti by the barkentine. The passengers had hardly landed and the mail been delivered when word came from Governor Gallat that the passengers and crew of the Tropic Bird were to be quarantined—and all on account of that story in the Examiner of bubonic plague at San Francisco. Lord Osborne and his travelling companion were given their freedom, but the remainder were kept up for twelve days in quarantine.

Lord Osborne and Mr. Hall bring a story from Tahiti which will no doubt be relished here. It dates back some months, to the Fashoda episode and the consequent murmurings of war between France and Britain. Great preparations were made at Esquimalt about that time; the various warships were hurriedly put in shape and provisioned and equipped—in fact everywhere preparation was made to start on a cruise some where—and Frenchmen immediately suggested that it was to Tahiti that the Phœnix, Leander and Phaeton, and perhaps the flagship, were to go. The news was telegraphed from Esquimalt to San Francisco papers, and to Sydney, N. S. W., and sailing vessels in due course carried the news of the prospective invasion of Tahiti.

There was consternation on the island, but the honor of "la belle France" was not to be allowed to suffer. The Frenchmen—there were but two companies and the gendarmes who police the islands of the group—sharpened their swords and made ready for defence as long as life would last, so they declared. They marched about the streets, crying "Vive Marchand!" and "A bas les Anglais!" The tri-color was hung to the breeze, and the garrison prepared to be martyred for France in their defence of the Southern Islands.

They began the comic opera proceedings proper. A fort was built in the highest altitudes of the mountains in the centre of the islands, which rise 7,000 feet above the level of the sea—a natural fort with a picturesquely medieval appearance, with draw-bridge, etc. To this all the guns that could be obtained were carried and mounted. Barrels, traps, etc. carried ammunition, and preparations were made to light to the finish when these warships came from Esquimalt or Sydney.

The French transport Aube, which was lying in the harbor, was brought in to the wharf and the guns were taken out of her and carried to the island of the Porton Hope. Then preparations were made to sink the Aube, and the soldiery gathered in the fort. As the first day or two of the terror passed, business began to be resumed, and the draw-bridge was left down, ready for the sons of France to make their retreat when the warships came to the islands. The day following the departure of the Australian mail steamer which brought the news of prospective fighting, the preparations were begun, in order that no word would be carried away by the steamer of the plans of defence.

Day after day passed and the ships of war did not come. The tri-color was still waving and things were normal. Then came the day of the big scare. Out in the dimness of the night the sentries had espied the coming of the warships. The enemy had come at last. It was war.

Out on the horizon the excited group which surrounded the sentry four twinkling lights. In the logic borne of expectation these became warships to the feverish minds of the sons of France, and there was a suave quip sent for the fort. The picture, as told by those who saw it at Tahiti in that day of fear, is a unique one. Frenchmen rushed pell-mell to the mountain fort, with their bundles of belongings. Carriages, carts and every kind of vehicle carried the household goods out of the reach of perdition. And when at last the draw-bridge was crossed and breath regained, they cried "Vive la France!" and took their posts. The night dragged on and the lights came no nearer. Surely the warships were awaiting daylight for the landing of troops to invade France's Pacific Islands.

The sentries peered out into the night, and scarcely a soul slept. At last morning came, and with it the supposed warships. They were four native boats.

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Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
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I will hold another big sale in my commodious salerooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street, on
To-day, Nov. 30, 2 p.m.
OF
Desirable Furniture

ALSO FINE ENGLISH SHOTGUN, RIDING SADDLE, GOOD GENERAL PURPOSE HORSE (will go double, single, or saddle) Parlor Set, in Silk Tapestry; Centre and Occasional Tables; Oak Rockers; Arm Chairs; 3 Lounges; Mantel Mirror; Hard Wood Bedroom Suits; Spring Edge and Top Mattresses; Bolsters; Feather Pillows; Blankets; Bed Linen; Cradle; Crib; Baby Buggy; Dining Extension Table; 8 H. B. Chairs; Brussels Carpets; Mats; Linoleum; Crockery; Glassware; Hanging Lamps; Kitchen Requisites; Heaters; Lawn Mower; Garden Hose; Garden Tools; Barb Wire; Tent; 7 dozen Jars of Home-Made Preserves; Working Figure, etc.
AT COMMENCEMENT OF SALE, LOT OF MANTLES, DOORS, ETC.
WM. T. HARDAKER, The Auctioneer.
Telephone 693.

each holding a native fisherman, who had been fishing by the light of a torch. The first scare was over.

There was, however, a second scare. The Australian mail steamer was late. Search was passed over her usual date of calling at the islands, and still there was no sign. Never before had she been late. This must mean that at last there was war. Again French Tahiti migrated to the fort, and hardly had they taken the coverings from their guns and posted the look-out, when in came the steamer, and the final scare was over. The martial scene of France received advice of the back-down of their country, and the days of terror were over in Tahiti.

The fort, however, still remains, and is an object of interest to all travellers who visit the Southern Islands. It is called Fashoda fort still, and the name brings back memories to all Tahiti, and especially to the residents of Paapeete, the capital.
Lord Osborne and Mr. Hall spent two months at Tahiti, and they say the encroachment of Chinese there struck them forcibly. There is no exclusion law on Tahiti, and the Chinese are fast monopolizing the small trade. There is a large number of Chinese there. All the traders are Chinese, who are driving out the Tahitian mail traders. The Tahitian is lazy and closes his store daily between 12 and 2 p.m. Not only does the Chinese keep open then, but he keeps open at night.

Mr. Hall says the manner in which the Chinese guard their first for Tahiti, he told there, is interesting. He met there an Italian, who gains his living by the romantic profession of smuggling, by name, Michaelo, and it is this man who is accredited with bringing the Chinese to Tahiti. He had a small sailing vessel running between China, San Francisco and Los Angeles, and had secured five hundred prisoners of war, whom he intended to take to Peru to work guano. Storms drove him towards Tahiti and he put in there. His Chinese below deck fell ill, and a number died. He did not know what to do with his prisoners, and a planter, just starting, took them off his hands to work the plantation. These were the first Chinese in the group. They supposedly wrote to their friends in the homeland, and more came.

Tahiti is very fertile, but little cultivated. The land is mostly held by native owners, who do not till it. There is much vanilla produced there, and in the Dangerous group the natives dive for pearls with great success.

A good story is told of how Michaelo smuggled vanilla into San Francisco. Vanilla is not bulky, and much can be put in small compasses. Michaelo, who was known as the intrepid smuggler, both at Tahiti and the Golden Gate, took a chest filled with vanilla and sailed to San Francisco. Arrived there he was boarded by a customs officer. The chest with the vanilla in it was left in the compartment of the customs officer's baggage, and the remainder of the furniture removed. When the customs man came in, Michaelo apologized for not having a chair, and bade him sit on the chest. The customs man did so, and Michaelo produced cigars and liquors. He made himself a good fellow, as it were, and in the middle of the talk a man came into the cabin and asked for the washing. Again the smuggler apologized. All his washing was ready in the chest, he said. Would the customs man mark it and let him get it ashore, for he was in a hurry? Why, certainly, said the customs officer—and the contraband went ashore.

After their stay at Tahiti, Lord Osborne and Mr. Hall chartered a 120-ton schooner, the Galois, and sailed for the Marquesas group, which are sparsely inhabited and seldom visited. These islands are controlled by the French, and there are two or three gendarmes, each of whom are in charge of big valleys, in which are hundreds of natives. They practically carry their life in their hand. These islands, though, have not practised cannibalism for some time. They landed from their schooner Galois at Tai-o-hao, the capital of Nukahiva, the principal island of the group. This was in charge of a French gendarme.

The coast was high and rocky, and there were no reefs there. The natives had died off as a result of smallpox, measles, etc., to a great extent. They were nearly all tattooed, the men having their faces striped.

Among the limited number of whites at this place they met tattooed white man, an American, who had deserted from one of the whaling vessels. An interesting story is given by this man as the reason why he is tattooed. He wanted to marry one of the landed and wealthy Marquesas princesses, and she, false one, had spurned him because he was not tattooed. How could she marry a man who was not tattooed? she said. Then the whaler went to a tattooer and went through the painful process of having stripes pricked across his body and face. That done, he returned to his bride that was to be, but she fled from him with shrieks of terror. She said that the white man looked too absurd to marry—and rather than face civilization with his tattooed face, the American whaler has remained there for years and years.

They say that on one occasion, when a United States cruiser visited the island, the tattooed American went on board and proudly declared his nationality. "What! you an American!" said the commander. "Boatswain, give him five dozen and chuck him overboard." Whether he got the five dozen, is not

said, but it is told on all sides that he got the chucking overboard.
The travellers visited Vita-hu, the queen of the Marquesas, who is beautifully tattooed. She has the record of having divorced herself from a husband of whom she had tired, in a most unique manner. She ate him. The fights of the tribes, one with another, are now, the returned travellers say, opera house affairs. In the last great fight the only man hurt was a man who broke his leg in running away. They shoot a great deal, but mostly at each others' pigs. They are great pig-eaters.
On this island the travellers were inconvenienced by the presence of big sand flies, and, strange to say, this is the only island of the group on which they are seen. The natives have a tradition that these "no-no," as they are called, were thrown on to the island in a big cocoa-nut shell, by avengeful goddess.
The trade of these islands is mostly in the hands of Americans, British and Germans, although they are controlled by the French. Some fine photos of the dancing girls, and many curios, were brought away by the two travellers.
When the Galois was anchored in Ta-wa-hu, on another island of the group, a Portuguese was seen with who had been present at one of the last internecine fights. He was in a canoe of one of the belligerent tribes, and they saw a native of the other tribe, he said, who was wounded. They called him to come to the canoe, and on the native coming, shipped off his head and ate him.
After their tour of the Marquesas islands, the natives of which, although loose in morals, are a fine-looking race, the travellers went to the Fiji group, and after a stay at Samoa and Cook's island, they proceeded to New Zealand, where some time was spent among the Maoris. Sentiment at Fiji, they say, was against annexation.

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A mammoth aggregation of vaudeville stars at A. O. U. W. hall, Saturday afternoon.
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"Well, rather. Why, there's no one who ranks higher."
"He was a great scholar, I suppose."
"Oh, dear, no; but he invented the college yell that gives his alma mater the intercollegiate standing that it has."—Chicago Post.
"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I'm not going to scold you a bit about the money you lost on the election."
"That's very good of you."
"No; it's a relief to think that you had a good time with it instead of my wasting it, as I might have done, on a new dress or a grocery bill, or something like that."—Washington Star.
See Zoyarra and St. Clair in their Comedy Ring Act, at A. O. U. W. hall, Saturday afternoon.
Gibson—Why is he considered such a corking good fellow?
Willets—Because he is such an uncorking good fellow.—New York Press.
"Well, what's this?" Inquired Mamie, as she resurrected her last season's winter coat.
"It looks to me," replied her sister Maud, "like an eaten jacket."—Philadelphia Bulletin.
If you want a healthy drink try Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey.

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Clean and thrifty; all the sorts recommended by the Provincial Board of Horticulture.
ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS, ROSES, EVERGREENS, ETC.
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